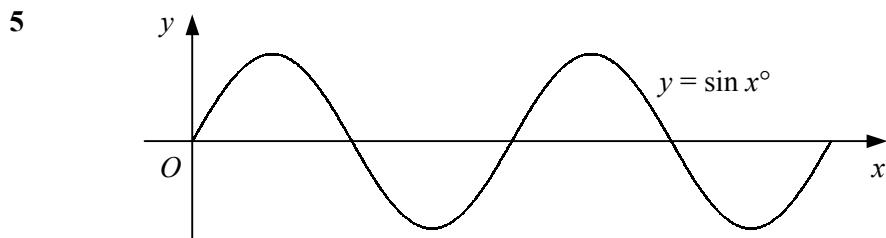
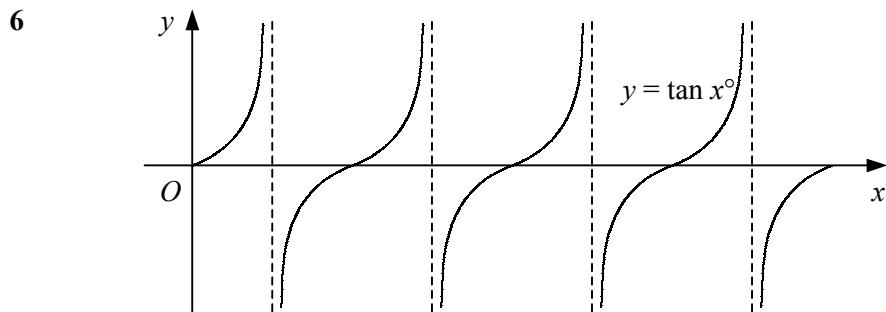


- 1** Find to 3 decimal places the value of  
**a**  $\sin 131^\circ$       **b**  $\tan 340.5^\circ$       **c**  $\cos 418^\circ$       **d**  $\sin (-165.2^\circ)$
- 2** Give the exact value of  
**a**  $\cos 60^\circ$       **b**  $\sin 45^\circ$       **c**  $\tan 45^\circ$       **d**  $\cos 30^\circ$   
**e**  $\sin 90^\circ$       **f**  $\tan 30^\circ$       **g**  $\cos 120^\circ$       **h**  $\sin 135^\circ$   
**i**  $\tan 210^\circ$       **j**  $\cos 225^\circ$       **k**  $\sin 300^\circ$       **l**  $\tan 120^\circ$   
**m**  $\cos 330^\circ$       **n**  $\tan 150^\circ$       **o**  $\cos (-60^\circ)$       **p**  $\sin 405^\circ$   
**q**  $\tan (-45^\circ)$       **r**  $\sin (-240^\circ)$       **s**  $\tan 570^\circ$       **t**  $\cos (-150^\circ)$
- 3** Find to 3 decimal places the value of  
**a**  $\cos 0.42^\circ$       **b**  $\sin 4.16^\circ$       **c**  $\tan (-3.1^\circ)$       **d**  $\cos 11.25^\circ$
- 4** Give the exact value of  
**a**  $\sin \frac{\pi}{6}$       **b**  $\cos \frac{\pi}{2}$       **c**  $\sin \frac{\pi}{4}$       **d**  $\tan \frac{\pi}{3}$   
**e**  $\cos \frac{\pi}{3}$       **f**  $\sin \frac{2\pi}{3}$       **g**  $\tan \frac{3\pi}{4}$       **h**  $\cos \frac{5\pi}{6}$   
**i**  $\tan \frac{5\pi}{3}$       **j**  $\cos \frac{5\pi}{4}$       **k**  $\sin (-\frac{\pi}{6})$       **l**  $\tan (-\frac{5\pi}{6})$   
**m**  $\sin 3\pi$       **n**  $\tan (-\frac{5\pi}{4})$       **o**  $\cos \frac{8\pi}{3}$       **p**  $\sin (-\frac{7\pi}{3})$



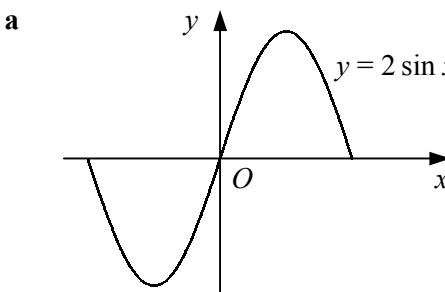
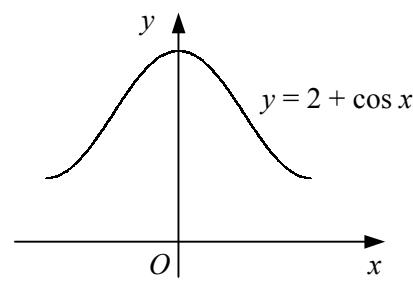
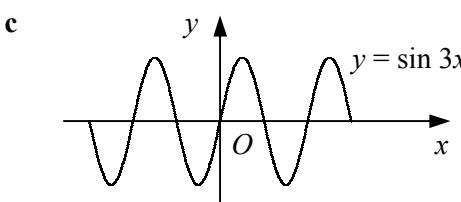
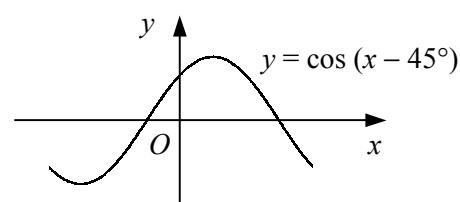
The graph shows the curve  $y = \sin x^\circ$  in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 720$ .

- a** Write down the coordinates of any points where the curve intersects the coordinate axes.  
**b** Write down the coordinates of the turning points of the curve.



The graph shows the curve  $y = \tan x^\circ$  in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 720$ .

- a** Write down the coordinates of any points where the curve intersects the coordinate axes.  
**b** Write down the equations of the asymptotes.

- 7 Describe the transformation that maps the graph of  $y = \sin x^\circ$  onto the graph of  
**a**  $y = 3 \sin x^\circ$       **b**  $y = \sin 4x^\circ$       **c**  $y = \sin(x + 60)^\circ$       **d**  $y = \sin(-x^\circ)$
- 8 Sketch each of the following pairs of curves on the same set of axes in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ .  
**a**  $y = \cos x$  and  $y = 3 \cos x$       **b**  $y = \sin x$  and  $y = \sin(x - 30)^\circ$   
**c**  $y = \cos x$  and  $y = \cos 2x$       **d**  $y = \tan x$  and  $y = 2 + \tan x$   
**e**  $y = \sin x$  and  $y = -\sin x$       **f**  $y = \cos x$  and  $y = \cos(x + 60)^\circ$   
**g**  $y = \tan x$  and  $y = \tan \frac{1}{2}x$       **h**  $y = \sin x$  and  $y = 1 + \sin x$
- 9 Each curve is shown for the interval  $-180^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$ . Write down the coordinates of the turning points of each curve in this interval.
- a** 
- b** 
- c** 
- d** 
- 10 Write down the period of each of the following graphs.
- a**  $y = \sin x^\circ$       **b**  $y = \tan x^\circ$       **c**  $y = 2 \cos x^\circ$   
**d**  $y = \sin 2x^\circ$       **e**  $y = \tan(x + 30)^\circ$       **f**  $y = \cos \frac{1}{3}x^\circ$
- 11 Sketch each of the following curves for  $x$  in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 360$ . Show the coordinates of any points of intersection with the coordinate axes and the equations of any asymptotes.
- a**  $y = \tan x^\circ$       **b**  $y = \cos(x + 30)^\circ$       **c**  $y = \sin 2x^\circ$   
**d**  $y = 1 + \cos x^\circ$       **e**  $y = \sin \frac{1}{2}x^\circ$       **f**  $y = \tan(x + 90)^\circ$   
**g**  $y = \sin(x - 45)^\circ$       **h**  $y = -\tan x^\circ$       **i**  $y = \cos(x - 120)^\circ$
- 12 Sketch each of the following curves for  $x$  in the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ . Show the coordinates of any turning points and the equations of any asymptotes.
- a**  $y = \cos x$       **b**  $y = 3 \sin x$       **c**  $y = \tan 2x$   
**d**  $y = \sin(x - \frac{\pi}{3})$       **e**  $y = \cos \frac{1}{3}x$       **f**  $y = \sin x - 2$   
**g**  $y = \tan(x + \frac{\pi}{4})$       **h**  $y = \sin \frac{3}{4}x$       **i**  $y = \cos(x - \frac{\pi}{6})$