

Mechanics 4 – Vertical Motion

Please **complete** this homework by _____. Start it early. If you can't do a question you will then have time to ask your teacher for help or go to a drop in session.

Section 1 – Review of previous topics. Please complete all questions.

A particle is travelling in a straight line. It passes point A with velocity 10ms^{-1} . Immediately after passing A, it accelerates at 4ms^{-2} for x metres up to a velocity of 50ms^{-1} , then decelerates at 10ms^{-2} for y metres to point B. It passes B with velocity 10ms^{-1} . The particle takes T seconds to travel between A and B.

- Show the particle's motion between A and B on a velocity-time graph.
- Find the area under the graph in terms of T .
- Calculate the values of x , y and t .

Section 2 – Consolidation of this week's topic. Please complete all questions.

- A pebble is dropped down a well. It takes 1.8 seconds until it hits the water. Find the distance travelled by the pebble before it hits the water. **(3 marks)**
- A ball is thrown vertically downwards at 7ms^{-1} and strikes the ground at 15ms^{-1} . From how high above the ground was the ball thrown? **(3 marks)**
- A rocket is launched vertically upwards from a cliff at a speed of 39.2ms^{-1} . It hits the ground at the foot of the cliff 10 seconds later.
 - Find the height of the cliff.
 - Find the maximum height reached by the rocket.
 - Find the time taken to reach the maximum height.
 - Find the speed at which the rocket hits the ground.
 - Find the time taken for the rocket to return to the same height at which it was launched. **(10 marks)**
- A golf ball is thrown vertically upwards from the ground with a velocity of 42ms^{-1} . For how long is it more than 87.5m above the ground? **(4 marks)**
- A stone is dropped from the top of a castle. One second later, another stone is thrown downwards from the same height at 14ms^{-1} . If both stones hit the moat at the same time, find the height of the castle. **(5 marks)**

- 6) A skydiver leapt from a plane. Her descent is modelled as spending the first 45 seconds in free fall, then immediately deploying her parachute, descending to the ground at a steady speed of 8ms^{-1} for 3 minutes.
- Draw a velocity-time graph for her descent.
 - Draw a distance-time graph for her descent.
 - Draw an acceleration-time graph for her descent.
 - Calculate the total distance of the descent in metres given by this model.
 - Comment on how realistic the model is. **(10 marks)**

Total for section 2 : 35 marks

Section 3 – Extension question. If you are aiming for a top grade, you should attempt this question.

- 1) A particle moves along the straight line EFGH with a constant acceleration. It takes 7 seconds to travel from E to F, 3 seconds to travel the 66m from F to G and 4 seconds to travel from G to H, where it comes to rest.
- Find the deceleration of the particle.
 - Find the velocity of the particle at E.
- (Hint: draw a velocity-time graph and let the velocities at E, F and G be v_1, v_2, v_3)
- 2) After a windy night, a road has a pile of debris blocking the way. A motorist driving towards the debris notices it when he is 80m away, travelling at 20ms^{-1} and with a constant acceleration of 2ms^{-2} . As soon as he engages the brakes, he will decelerate at a constant 4ms^{-2} .
- If the motorist reacts immediately, how far will he stop from the debris?
 - If he takes two seconds to react, at what speed will he be driving when he hits the debris?