

# Mechanics Homework 13 Solutions

## Section 1

①	(a)	(↓)	$u_y = 25 \sin 30^\circ (=12.5)$		B1
			$12 = 12.5t + 4.9t^2$	-1 each error	M1 A2, 1, 0
			Leading to $t = 0.743, 0.74$		A1 (5)
	(b)	(→)	$u_x = 25 \cos 30^\circ \left( = \frac{25\sqrt{3}}{2} \approx 21.65 \right)$		B1
			$OB = 25 \cos 30^\circ \times t (\approx 16.09458)$	ft their (a)	M1 A1ft
			$TB \approx 1.1 \text{ (m)}$	awrt 1.09	A1 (4)
	(c)	(→)	$15 = u_x \times t \Rightarrow t = \frac{15}{u_x} (= \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{5} \approx 0.693 \text{ or } 0.69)$		M1 A1
	either	(↓)	$v_y = 12.5 + 9.8t (\approx 19.2896)$		M1
			$V^2 = u_x^2 + v_y^2 (\approx 840.840)$		
			$V \approx 29 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)}, 29.0$		M1 A1 (5)
					<b>(14 marks)</b>

②

$$8.45 \times 1.15 = \frac{194.35}{n}$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{194.35}{8.45 \times 1.15} = 20$$

so the size of Zain's sample is 20

[Here it has been used that 1knot = 1.15 mph]

## Mechanics Homework 13 Solutions

### Section 2

①  $\underline{u} = 5\underline{i} - \underline{j}$     $\underline{a} = -\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}$     $t = 3$  ✓

$$\underline{s} = \underline{u}t + \frac{1}{2}\underline{a}t^2$$

$$= 3(5\underline{i} - \underline{j}) + 4.5(-\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}) = 10.5\underline{i} + 6\underline{j}$$
 ✓

Initial position vector =  $(3\underline{i} - 2\underline{j}) \Rightarrow$  final position vector  
 $= (3\underline{i} - 2\underline{j}) + (10.5\underline{i} + 6\underline{j}) = \underline{13.5\underline{i} + 4\underline{j}}$  ✓ 5

②  $\underline{a} = 2\underline{i} + \underline{j}$     $\underline{u} = -\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}$     $t = 5$  ✓

$$\underline{v} = \underline{u} + \underline{a}t = (-\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}) + 5(2\underline{i} + \underline{j}) = 9\underline{i} + 7\underline{j}$$
 ✓

Speed =  $\sqrt{9^2 + 7^2} = \sqrt{130} = \underline{11.4 \text{ ms}^{-1}}$  to 3sf

Direction =  $\tan^{-1}(7/9) = \underline{37.9^\circ}$  (anti-clockwise from +ve x-axis) 6

③  $\underline{u} = 3\lambda\underline{i} + \lambda\underline{j}$     $|\underline{u}| = 2\sqrt{10} \Rightarrow \sqrt{(3\lambda)^2 + \lambda^2} = 2\sqrt{10}$  ✓

$$\Rightarrow 9\lambda^2 + \lambda^2 = 40$$

$$10\lambda^2 = 40 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 = 4 \Rightarrow \lambda = 2$$

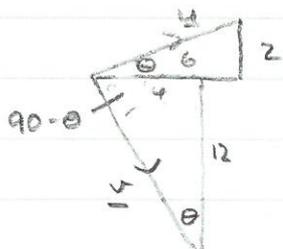
since  $\lambda > 0$

$$\underline{u} = 6\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}$$
 ✓

$$\underline{a} = -\underline{i} - 7\underline{j}$$

$$t = 2$$

$$\underline{v} = \underline{u} + \underline{a}t = (6\underline{i} + 2\underline{j}) + 2(-\underline{i} - 7\underline{j}) = 4\underline{i} - 12\underline{j}$$
 ✓



similar triangles: angle between  $\underline{u}$  and  $\underline{v} = \theta + (90^\circ - \theta)$   
 $= 90^\circ \Rightarrow$  perpendicular ✓

$$|\underline{v}| = \sqrt{4^2 + 12^2} = 4\sqrt{10} = 2|\underline{u}| \Rightarrow \text{speed doubled}$$
 ✓

④ A :  $\underline{u} = (2\hat{i} + \hat{j})$   $\underline{a} = (\hat{i} - 2\hat{j})$   $t = 6$

$\underline{s} = \underline{u}t + \frac{1}{2}\underline{a}t^2 = 6(2\hat{i} + \hat{j}) + 18(\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}) = 30\hat{i} - 30\hat{j}$

Initial position =  $3\hat{j}$   $\Rightarrow$  position vector after 6 sec =  $30\hat{i} - 27\hat{j}$

B :  $\underline{u} = (3\hat{i} - \hat{j})$   $\underline{a} = 2\hat{i}$   $t = 6$

$\underline{s} = \underline{u}t + \frac{1}{2}\underline{a}t^2 = 6(3\hat{i} - \hat{j}) + 18(2\hat{i}) = 54\hat{i} - 6\hat{j}$

Initially  $\underline{AB} = 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$   $\Rightarrow$  initial position vector of B is  $3\hat{j} + (2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}) = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j}$

$\Rightarrow$  position vector of B after 6 sec =  $(54\hat{i} - 6\hat{j}) + (2\hat{i} + \hat{j}) = 56\hat{i} - 5\hat{j}$

Distance between A and B after 6 sec =  $\sqrt{(56-30)^2 + (-5+27)^2} = \sqrt{1160} = 34.1 \text{ m}$

⑤

(a)

$2ut = 735$

$0 = 3ut - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$

eliminating  $t$

$u = 24.5^*$

(b)

$t = \frac{735}{49} = 15$

(c)

Initially:  $v^2 = (2u)^2 + (3u)^2$

$(7803.25)$

$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 - \frac{1}{2}m65^2 = mgh$

$h = 180 \text{ m (183 m)}$

OR

$v_y^2 = 65^2 - (2u)^2$

$(1824)$

$v_y^2 = (3u)^2 - 2gh$

$h = 180 \text{ m (183 m)}$

M1 A1

M1 A1

dep. M1

A1 (6)

M1 A1 (2)

M1

M1 A1

A1 (4)

M1

M1 A1

A1 (4)

(12 marks)

8

6.	<p>(a)</p> $\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow 30 = 2ut \\ \uparrow &-47.5 = 5ut - 4.9t^2 \\ &-47.5 = 75 - 4.9t^2 \qquad \text{eliminating } u \text{ or } t \\ &t^2 = \frac{75 + 47.5}{4.9} (= 25) \\ &t = 5 \quad * \qquad \text{cso} \end{aligned}$ <p>(b)</p> $30 = 2ut \Rightarrow 30 = 10u \Rightarrow u = 3$ <p>(c)</p> $\begin{aligned} \uparrow & \quad \cancel{x} = 5u - 9.8t = -34 \qquad \text{M1 requires both} \\ \rightarrow & \quad \cancel{x} = 2u = 6 \qquad \quad \quad \quad \cancel{x} \text{ and } \cancel{t} \\ & \quad v^2 = 6^2 + (-34)^2 \\ & \quad v \approx 34.5 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)} \qquad \text{accept 35} \end{aligned}$ <p>Alternative to (c)</p> $\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2}mv_B^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv_A^2 &= m \times g \times 47.5 \quad \text{with} \quad v_A^2 = 6^2 + 15^2 = 261 \\ v_B^2 &= 261 + 2 \times 9.8 \times 47.5 \quad (= 1192) \\ v_B &\approx 34.5 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)} \qquad \text{accept 35} \end{aligned}$ <p>BEWARE : Watch out for incorrect use of <math>v^2 = u^2 + 2as</math></p>	<p>B1 M1 A1 DM1 DM1 A1 (6)</p> <p>M1 A1 (2)</p> <p>M1 A1 A1 DM1 A1 (5)</p> <p>[13]</p> <p>M1 A(2,1,0)</p> <p>DM1 A1 (5)</p>
----	---	---