

Pure 2 – Equations and inequalities

Please <u>complete</u> this homework by ______. Start it early. If you can't do a question you will then have time to ask your teacher for help or go to a drop in session.

Section 1 – Review of previous topics. Please <u>complete</u> all questions.

- **1.** Solve these quadratic equations. You may need to rearrange them first.
 - a. $x^2 = 5x$
 - b. $2x^2 + x = 15$
 - c. $2x^2 4x + 1 = 0$. Give your answers in the form $a \pm b\sqrt{2}$

[6]

- **2.** Use the discriminant to determine the number of real roots of each of these quadratic equations.
 - a. $5x^2 3x + 7 = 0$ b. $6x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$ c. $9x^2 - 12x + 4 = 0$ [6]
- **3.** Sketch the graphs of these quadratic functions, in each case giving the coordinates of the vertex and the points of intersection with the axes.
 - a. $y = x^2 1$ b. $y = (x - 1)^2 + 3$ [6]

Section 2 – Consolidation of this week's topic. Please complete all questions.

1. Solve the following sets of simultaneous equations.

(a)	2x + 3y = -7	
	5x - 2y = 11	[5]

(b) y = x - 3 $y^2 + xy + 4x = 7$ [5]

(c)
$$x + 2y = 13$$

 $x^2 - y^2 = 9$ [5]



2.

(i) $y = x^2$	(ii) y = x ²	(iii) y = x ²	(iv) y = x ²
y = - x +12	x + y = - 8	$y = -x - \frac{1}{4}$	x = 3 [5]

(b) Use your graphs to determine the number of solutions to the simultaneous equations.

	[4]
(c) Solve the simultaneous equations to verify your answers.	[15]

3. Find the set of values of x for which:

(a)
$$3(y-1) \ge 5y-8$$
 [3]

(b)
$$3(x-2) > x-4$$
 and $4x + 12 > 2x + 17$ [3]

(c)
$$15 - x < 2(11 - x)$$
 and $5(3x - 1) > 12x + 19$ [3]

4. On the same grid, shade the region that satisfies the inequalities:

(a)
$$x + y > -7$$
, $y \le 2$, $x < 1$. [4]

(b)
$$y > (x-4)^2$$
, $y + x \ge 6$, $y < x$. [4]

(Total 56 Marks)

Section 3 – Extension questions. If you are aiming for a top grade, you should attempt these questions.

1. The line y = 5 - x intersects the curve $y = x^2 - 3x + 2$ at the points *P* and *Q*. Find the length *PQ* in the form $k \sqrt{2}$.

2. Solve the simultaneous equations:

 $3^{x-1} = 9^{2y}$ $8^{x-2} = 4^{1+y}$