

## Pure 49 – Parametric Integration

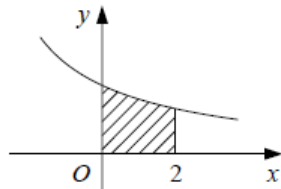
Please **complete** this homework by \_\_\_\_\_. Start it early. If you can't do a question you will then have time to ask your teacher for help or go to a drop-in session.

### Section 1 – Review of previous topics. Please complete all questions.

- Given that  $\frac{dx}{dt} = (2t - 1)^2$  and that  $x = 0$  when  $t = 3$  find the value of  $x$  when  $t = 6$
- A motorbike is travelling along a straight road. The distance in meters of the motorbike from a fixed point after  $t$  seconds is modelled by the function  $f(t)$ , where  $f'(t) = 6 + 5t$  and  $f(0) = 0$ .
  - Find an expression for  $f(t)$
  - Calculate the time taken for the motorbike to travel 200m

### Section 2 – Consolidation of this week's topic. Please complete all questions.

1.

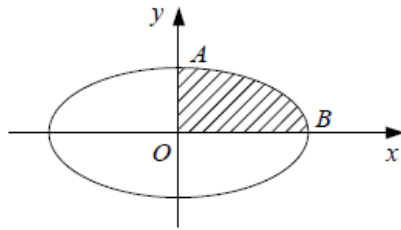


The diagram shows part of the curve with parametric equations  $x = 2t - 4, y = \frac{1}{t}$ .

The shaded region is bounded by the curve, the coordinate axes and the line  $x = 2$

- Find the value of the parameter  $t$  when  $x = 0$  and when  $x = 2$ . (3 marks)
- Show that the area of the shaded region is given by  $\int_2^3 \frac{2}{t} dt$ . (4 marks)
- Hence, find the area of the shaded region. (3 marks)
- Verify your answer to part c) by first finding the cartesian equation for the curve (4 marks)

2.



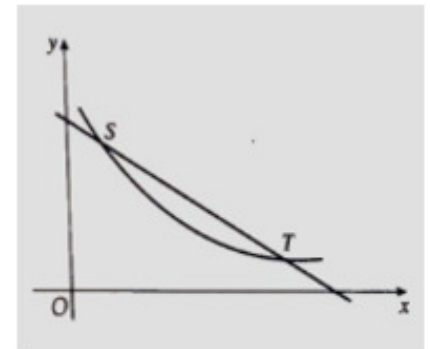
The diagram shows the ellipse with parametric equations  $x = 4\cos\theta, y = 2\sin\theta, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$ , which meets the positive coordinate axes at the points A and B.

- Find the value of the parameter  $\theta$  at the points A and B (2 marks)
- Show that the area of the shaded region bounded by the curve and the positive coordinate axes is given by  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} 8\sin^2\theta d\theta$ . (4 marks)
- Hence, show that the area of the region enclosed by the ellipse is  $8\pi$  (4 marks)

3. The diagram shows a sketch of the curve with parametric equations  $x = at, y = \frac{4a}{t}, t > 0$ , and the line  $y = 5a - x$ , where a is a constant.

The line meets the curve at S and T.

- Find, in terms of a, the co-ordinates of the points S and T (5 marks)
- Show that  $\int y \frac{dx}{dt} dt = 4a^2 \ln t + c$ , where c is a constant. (2 marks)
- Hence find, in terms of a, the exact area of the finite region between the curve and the line. (5 marks)



**Total: 36 marks**