

# Parametric Integration Solutions

## Section 1

$$\textcircled{1} \quad dx/dt = (2t-1)^2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{6}(2t-1)^3 + C$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{6}(5)^3 + C \Rightarrow C = \frac{-125}{6}$$

$$\text{At } t=6, x = \frac{1}{6}(11)^3 - \frac{125}{6} = \underline{\underline{201}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ a) } f(t) = \int (6+5t) dt = 6t + \frac{5}{2}t^2 + C$$

$$0 = 0 + C \Rightarrow C = 0 \Rightarrow f(t) = 6t + \frac{5}{2}t^2$$

$$\text{b) } 200 = 6t + \frac{5}{2}t^2 \Rightarrow 5t^2 + 12t - 400 = 0$$
$$\Rightarrow t = \underline{\underline{7.82 \text{ sec}}} \text{ (or } -10.22)$$

## Section 2

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ a) } x=0 \Rightarrow 2t-4=0 \checkmark \Rightarrow t=2 \checkmark$$
$$x=2 \Rightarrow 2t-4=2 \Rightarrow t=3 \checkmark$$

$$\text{b) } \text{Area} = \int_2^3 y \frac{dx}{dt} dt = \int_2^3 \frac{1}{t}(2) dt = \int_2^3 \frac{2}{t} dt$$

$$\text{c) } \left[ 2 \ln|t| \right]_2^3 = 2 \ln 3 - 2 \ln 2 = 2 \ln^{3/2} = \ln^9/4$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ a.) } A: x=0 \Rightarrow 4\cos\theta=0 \Rightarrow \theta=\pi/2 \text{ or } 3\pi/2$$

$$y=2\sin\pi/2=2 \Rightarrow A \text{ is when } \theta=\pi/2$$

$$\text{or } y=2\sin 3\pi/2=-2$$

$$B: y=0 \Rightarrow 2\sin\theta=0 \Rightarrow \theta=0 \text{ or } \pi$$

$$x=4\cos 0=4 \Rightarrow B \text{ is when } \theta=0$$

$$\text{or } x=4\cos\pi=-4$$

$$\text{b.) Area} = \int_0^4 y \, dx = \int_{\pi/2}^0 y \frac{dx}{d\theta} \, d\theta \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \int_{\pi/2}^0 (2\sin\theta)(-4\sin\theta) \, d\theta \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \int_{\pi/2}^0 -8\sin^2\theta \, d\theta = \int_0^{\pi/2} 8\sin^2\theta \, d\theta \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{c.) Area of ellipse} = 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} 8\sin^2\theta \, d\theta = 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} 8 \left( \frac{1-\cos 2\theta}{2} \right) \, d\theta \quad \checkmark$$

$$= 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} (4 - 4\cos 2\theta) \, d\theta \quad \checkmark$$

$$= 4 \left[ 4\theta - 2\sin 2\theta \right]_0^{\pi/2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= 4(2\pi - 0) - 0 = 8\pi \quad \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ a.) } y = 5a - x \Rightarrow \frac{4a}{t} = 5a - at \Rightarrow \frac{4}{t} = 5 - t$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 = 5t - t^2 \Rightarrow t^2 - 5t + 4 = 0$$

$$(t-1)(t-4) = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{t=1} \text{ or } \underline{t=4}$$

$$t=1 : x=a, y=4a$$

$$t=4 : x=4a, y=a$$

$$\text{so } S \text{ is } (a, 4a)$$

$$T \text{ is } (4a, a)$$

$$\text{b.) } \int y \frac{dx}{dt} dt = \int \frac{4a}{t} (a) dt = \int \frac{4a^2}{t} dt = 4a^2 \ln t + c$$

c.) Area between curve and line = area below line - area below curve

$$= \frac{1}{2} (a+4a) (3a) - \int_1^4 \frac{4a^2}{t} dt$$

$$= \frac{15a^2}{2} - [4a^2 \ln t]_1^4$$

$$= \frac{15a^2}{2} - 4a^2 \ln 4$$

$$= \frac{a^2}{2} (15 - 8 \ln 4)$$