

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel  
Level 3 GCE**

Centre Number

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**Mock Paper – Set 2**

Paper Reference **9MA0/31**

**Mathematics**

**Advanced**

**Paper 31: Statistics**

**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator

Total Marks

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**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Values from statistical tables should be quoted in full. If a calculator is used instead of tables the value should be given to an equivalent degree of accuracy.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

### Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- The total mark for this part of the examination is 50. There are 5 questions.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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4. A large number of cyclists take part in a cycling time trial.  
A random sample of these cyclists are selected and their times, in minutes, are summarised in the following statistics

$$\sum x = 1680 \quad \sum x^2 = 47654.4 \quad n = 60$$

(a) Calculate, for this sample, the value of

(i) the mean time, (1)

(ii) the standard deviation of the times. (2)

Historically, the mean time for cyclists on this time trial has been 27 minutes and 30 seconds. Lucy is watching the time trial and believes that the mean time of cyclists in this time trial is greater than the mean time of cyclists in previous time trials.

The times of cyclists on this time trial are modelled by a Normal distribution with standard deviation 3 minutes.

(b) Test, at the 5% level of significance, whether or not this sample provides evidence to support Lucy's belief. You should state your hypotheses and show your working clearly. (5)

*Speedy Wheels* cycling club entered its 5 fastest riders and 5 beginners to take part in the time trial.

The fastest 20% of the cyclists in the time trial are invited to compete in a race the following week.

(c) (i) Explain, with specific reference to the parameter  $p$ , why the distribution  $B(10, 0.2)$  might not be reasonable to model the number of these *Speedy Wheels* cycling club members who are invited to compete in the race. (2)

(ii) Suggest how to improve the model for the number of these *Speedy Wheels* cycling club members invited to compete in the race. (1)

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