

AS SKILLS CHECKS

Half Term 1 (ANSWERS)		Week 1
1	$\begin{aligned} 3(x - 3) &= 4(x - 4) \\ 3x - 9 &= 4x - 16 \\ x &= 7 \end{aligned}$	
2	$\begin{aligned} &\frac{3(x + 1)}{(x - 1)(x + 1)} + \frac{2(x - 1)}{(x - 1)(x + 1)} \\ &= \frac{3x + 3 + 2x - 2}{(x - 1)(x + 1)} \\ &= \frac{5x + 1}{(x - 1)(x + 1)} \end{aligned}$	
3	$\begin{aligned} (x + 3)^2 - 9 - 10 \\ = (x + 3)^2 - 19 \end{aligned}$	
4	$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(x + 3)(x - 4)}{(x - 4)} \\ &= (x + 3) \end{aligned}$	
5	$\begin{aligned} x &= y + 7 \quad (y + 7)^2 + y^2 = 25 \\ y^2 + 14y + 49 + y^2 &= 25 \\ 2y^2 + 14y + 24 &= 0 \\ 2(y^2 + 7y + 12) &= 0 \\ 2(y + 3)(y + 4) &= 0 \\ y &= -3, -4 \\ y &= -3 \quad x = 4 \\ y &= -4 \quad x = 3 \end{aligned}$	

1 $20(x + 1) = 3(4x + 20)$
 $20x + 20 = 12x + 60$
 $8x = 40$
 $x = 5$

2
$$\frac{4(x + 1)}{(x + 2)(x + 1)} - \frac{2(x + 2)}{(x + 2)(x + 1)}$$

 $= \frac{4x + 4 - 2x - 4}{(x + 2)(x + 1)}$
 $= \frac{2x}{(x + 2)(x + 1)}$

3 $(x - 5)^2 - 25 + 10$
 $= (x - 5)^2 - 15$

4
$$\frac{(x + 6)(x - 6)}{2(x - 6)}$$

 $= \frac{1}{2}(x + 6)$

5 $x = y + 2$ $(y + 2)^2 + y^2 = 10$
 $y^2 + 4y + 4 + y^2 = 10$
 $2y^2 + 4y - 6 = 0$
 $2(y^2 + 2y - 3) = 0$
 $2(y + 3)(y - 1) = 0$
 $y = -3, 1$
 $y = -3 \quad x = -1$
 $y = 1 \quad x = 3$

Half Term 1 (ANSWERS)		Week 3
1	$\begin{aligned} 9x + 60 &= 2(11 - 5x) \\ 9x + 60 &= 22 - 10x \\ 19x &= -38 \\ x &= -2 \end{aligned}$	
2	$\begin{aligned} &\frac{4(x-1)}{(x-3)(x-1)} - \frac{2(x-3)}{(x-3)(x-1)} \\ &= \frac{4x-4-2x+6}{(x-3)(x-1)} \\ &= \frac{2x+2}{(x-3)(x-1)} \end{aligned}$	
3	$\begin{aligned} &(x-1)^2 - 1 - 1 \\ &= (x-1)^2 - 2 \end{aligned}$	
4	$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(2x+3)(x-2)}{x-2} \\ &= 2x+3 \end{aligned}$	
5	$\begin{aligned} x = 4 - y \quad (4-y)^2 + y^2 - (4-y) - y &= 6 \\ y^2 - 8y + 16 + y^2 - 4 + y - y &= 6 \\ 2y^2 - 8y + 6 &= 0 \\ 2(y^2 - 4y + 3) &= 0 \\ 2(y-3)(y-1) &= 0 \\ y = 3, 1 \quad &y = 3 \quad x = 1 \\ &y = 1 \quad x = 3 \end{aligned}$	

1
$$\begin{aligned} 2(6 - 4x) &= 5(3x + 7) \\ 12 - 8x &= 15x + 35 \\ 23x &= -23 \\ x &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

2
$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{2x(x + 5)}{(x - 3)(x + 5)} + \frac{2(x - 3)}{(x - 3)(x + 5)} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 + 10x + 2x - 6}{(x - 3)(x + 5)} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 + 12x - 6}{(x - 3)(x + 5)} \end{aligned}$$

3
$$\begin{aligned} 2(x^2 + 6) + 5 &= 2((x + 3)^2 - 9) + 5 \\ &= 2(x + 3)^2 - 18 + 5 \\ &= 2(x + 3)^2 - 13 \end{aligned}$$

4
$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(2x + 3)(3x - 2)}{(2x + 3)(x - 1)} \\ &= \frac{3x - 2}{x - 1} \end{aligned}$$

5
$$\begin{aligned} x = y + 4 \quad (y + 4)^2 + y^2 &= 8 \\ y^2 + 8y + 16 + y^2 &= 8 \\ 2y^2 + 8y + 8 &= 0 \\ 2(y^2 + 4y + 4) &= 0 \\ 2(y + 2)^2 &= 0 \\ y = -2 \quad x &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

Half Term 1 (ANSWERS)		Week 5
1	$6(4x - 7) = 7((30 - 2x) + 2)$ $24x - 42 = 210 - 14x + 14$ $38x = 266$ $x = 7$	
2	$\frac{2x}{(x-1)^2} - \frac{1(x-1)}{(x-1)^2}$ $= \frac{2x - x + 1}{(x-1)^2}$ $= \frac{x + 1}{(x-1)^2}$	
3	$2(x^2 - 2x) + 1$ $= 2((x-1)^2 - 1) + 1$ $= 2(x-1)^2 - 2 + 1$ $= 2(x-1)^2 - 1$	
4	$\frac{(4x-1)(3x+4)}{(4x+1)(4x-1)}$ $= \frac{3x+4}{4x+1}$	
5	$x = 6 - y \quad (6 - y)^2 + y^2 = 20$ $y^2 - 12y + 36 + y^2 = 20$ $2y^2 - 12y + 16 = 0$ $2(y^2 - 6y + 8) = 0$ $2(y - 2)(y - 4) = 0$ $y = 2 \quad x = 4$ $y = 4 \quad x = 2$	

Half Term 1 (ANSWERS)		Week 6
1	$\begin{aligned} 5(7x - 2) &= 6(6x - 1) \\ 35x - 10 &= 36x - 6 \\ x &= -4 \end{aligned}$	
2	$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(2x + 1)(x + 2)}{(x + 1)(x + 2)} - \frac{2x(x + 1)}{(x + 1)(x + 2)} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 + 5x + 2 - 2x^2 - 2x}{(x + 1)(x + 2)} \\ &= \frac{3x + 2}{(x + 1)(x + 2)} \end{aligned}$	
3	$\begin{aligned} (2x - 5)^2 - 25 + 2 &= (2x - 5)^2 - 23 \end{aligned}$	
4	$\begin{aligned} &\frac{(4x - 5)(5 - x)}{(4x - 5)(x + 5)} \\ &= \frac{5 - x}{x + 5} \end{aligned}$	
5	$\begin{aligned} x = 1 - y \quad (1 - y)^2 + y^2 - y(1 - y) &= 37 \\ y^2 - 2y + 1 + y^2 - y + y^2 &= 37 \\ 3y^2 - 3y - 36 &= 0 \\ 3(y^2 - y + 12) &= 0 \\ 2(y - 4)(y + 3) &= 0 \\ y = 4 \quad x = -3 \quad y = -3 \quad x = 4 \end{aligned}$	

Half Term 1 (ANSWERS)		Week 7
1	$\begin{aligned}12(5x + 3) &= 9(4x + 12) \\60x + 36 &= 36x + 108 \\24x &= 72 \\x &= 3\end{aligned}$	
2	$\begin{aligned}\frac{4x}{2(x+3)^2} - \frac{3x(x+3)}{2(x+3)^2} \\= \frac{4x - 3x^2 - 9x}{2(x+3)^2} \\= \frac{-3x^2 - 5x}{2(x+3)^2}\end{aligned}$	
3	$\begin{aligned}(2x + 10)^2 - 100 - 1 \\= (2x + 10)^2 - 101\end{aligned}$	
4	$\begin{aligned}\frac{2(2x+3)(3x-2)}{4(x-2)(2x+3)} \\= \frac{3x-2}{2(x-2)}\end{aligned}$	
5	$\begin{aligned}x = 5 - y \quad (5 - y)^2 + y^2 + y(5 - y) - (5 - y) - y &= 16 \\y^2 - 10y + 25 + y^2 + 5y - y^2 - 5 + y - y - 16 &= 0 \\y^2 - 5y + 4 &= 0 \\(y - 4)(y - 1) &= 0\end{aligned}$ <p>$y = 4 \quad x = 1$ $y = 1 \quad x = 4$</p>	

