QUESTION 1

QUESTION 2

Calculate the finite area enclosed by the graph of y = x(x - 4) and the x-axis

The graph of $y=x^2-\frac{1}{3}x^3+\alpha x$ passes through (3,24). Find the x- coordinates of the stationary points

a = 4i - j and b = 3i + 2j. Find |2b - a|

Prove that $(\cos x - \sin x)^2 + (\sin x + \cos x)^2 = 2$

Find the coefficient of the x^5 term in the expansion of $\left(3 + \frac{1}{3}x\right)^9$

QUESTION 1

UESTION

Calculate the finite are enclosed by the graph of $y = 16 + 6x - x^2$ and the x-axis

Given that $y = x^3 - 5x^2 + kx$ has a stationary point where x = 2, find the y coordinate at the stationary point

If $q = {\binom{-3}{4}}$ find the vector parallel to q with magnitude 25

Solve $cos^2\theta - sin^2\theta = -0.5$ for $0^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ$

Find the coefficient of the x^4 term in the expansion of $(x-1)(1+2x)^7$

SKILLS CHECK

QUESTION 1

UESTION

QUESTION 3

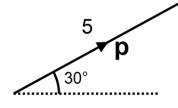
QUESTION 4

QUESTION 5

Sketch the graph of y = x(x - 1)(x - 3). Calculate the total area bounded by the graph of y and the x axis between x = 0 and x = 3

Given that $y=2\sqrt{x}-\alpha x+10$ passes through the point (1,6) find the x-coordinate of the stationary point

Express **p** in the from ai + bj



Solve $3tan\theta sin\theta = cos\theta$ for $0^{\circ} < \theta < 360^{\circ}$

Find the coefficient of the x^5 term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{1}{3}-3x\right)^{10}$

SKILLS CHECK

QUESTION 1

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QUESTION 3

QUESTION 4

QUESTION 5

Find $\int_{4}^{9} 3x + 4\sqrt{x} + 2 \ dx$

Find the equation of the normal to the curve $y = 8x^4 - 3$ at the point where $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

If $\overrightarrow{OX} = 4i - 8j$ and $\overrightarrow{OY} = -4i + 5j$ calculate $|\overrightarrow{XY}|$

Show that $tan\theta + \frac{1}{tan\theta} = \frac{1}{sin\theta cos\theta}$

Find the coefficient of the x^4 term in the expansion of $(x^2-1)(2-3x)^5$

Find $\int_1^9 1 + 2x + \sqrt{x} \ dx$

Find the equation of the normal to the curve $y = 10\sqrt{x} - 10$ at the point where x = 4

ai + bj is a vector of magnitude $\sqrt{3}$ in the direction parallel to 3i – 3j Find the exact values of and b.

Solve $\frac{4\cos\theta - 1}{\tan\theta} = 2\sin\theta$ $0^{\circ} < \theta < 360^{\circ}$

Find the coefficient of the x^6 term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{1}{2} + 2x\right)^{12}$

Evaluate $\int_{-3}^{0} (2x+3)^2 dx$

Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $y = x^2 \sqrt{x}$ at the point where x = 4

The position vector of A is 6i + 8j. The position of the midpoint of the line joining A and B is 3i + 2j. Find $|\overrightarrow{AB}|$

Solve $5sin\theta = 1 + 2cos^2\theta$ 0° < 0 < 360°

Find the coefficient of the x^5 term in the expansion of $(x^2-2)(2-2x)^6$

SKILLS CHECK

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QUESTION 5

Calculate the area enclosed by the parabolas $y = 10x - 2x^2$ and $y = 5x - x^2$

Find the x coordinates of the stationary points of the curve $y = x^5 - 60x^3$

O, A and B are vertices of a triangle. If $\overrightarrow{OA}={4\choose 2}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB}={8\choose 0}$ calculate the area of the triangle

Solve $\sin(3x - 60^{\circ}) = 0.5$ for $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$

Find the coefficient of the x^5 term in the expansion of $\left(3 - \frac{1}{3}x\right)^{11}$