

## Forms of interdependence and resulting issues 3.2.1.2

Q1	<b>Match the abbreviation with its definition &amp; write in the full name</b>				
A	A trading bloc of over 25 countries that agree terms of trade and the social, economic and environmental framework that assists free flows				
B	The revenue a government accumulates as GDP rises and the value of exports exceeds imports, which is then available for re-investment				
C	An arm of the United Nations that co-ordinates global action to improve health, reduce threats to health and prevent spread of disease				
D	Investment that comes into a country from an external source – which may be involve large global companies or government wealth				
E	A business that operates across many countries. It may involve manufacturing, extraction & processing, services, finance, media etc.				
	<b>FDI</b>	<b>SWF</b>	<b>TNC</b>	<b>WHO</b>	<b>EU</b>

Q2	<b>Match the type of global interdependence with the description</b>	<b>Interdependence type</b>
A	Ireland has a significant reliance on inward investment by global corporations (many of them US) exporting products to an EU market	
B	The shared nature of the oceans means that extraction of fish, release of waste and ocean acidification involve global responsibility	
C	The construction of hotels, offices, roads and retail complexes in the United Arab Emirates relies on workers from many Asian countries	
D	NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organisation) developed in the face of threat from the USSR as a defence of countries with similar outlooks	
E	The ties between the USA and many countries is based on significant immigrant groups from Mexico, Vietnam, Italy, Philippines, Cuba etc.	
	<b>Political</b>	<b>Economic</b>
	<b>Labour</b>	<b>Social</b>
		<b>Environmental</b>

Q3	<b>Select whether each situation reflects a 'benefit' of global interdependence, or a 'problem'</b>	<b>Benefit</b>	<b>Problem</b>
A	Fall in currency value where migrant workers are living, for families back home to whom they regularly send some of their wages		
B	Those seeking work in a location where FDI is being focused and leading to a construction boom		
C	A TNC with specialist manufacturing plants in different countries, experiencing supply disruption by strikes in one particular country		
D	A country with surgeons & doctors who are feeling overworked and under-appreciated and who are being actively recruited elsewhere		
E	Employees in a country where major TNCs developed and are based, but which are relocating operations to lower-cost countries		

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Q4	<i>As a young adult in a highly interdependent globalised country, how may you be affected in these areas of your life?</i>	
	<b>Positively: economically</b>	<b>Negatively: environmentally</b>
	<b>Positively: socially</b>	<b>Negatively: politically</b>

Q5	<i>While some see globalisation as a very positive approach for their country to engage with, others are less convinced. Present the arguments on both sides of the case</i>
<b><i>Arguments in favour of your country engaging with globalisation</i></b>	
<b><i>Arguments against your country engaging with globalisation</i></b>	