



Geography

A Level | AQA | 7037



Learning Grids

for A Level AQA Geography

Global Systems and Global Governance

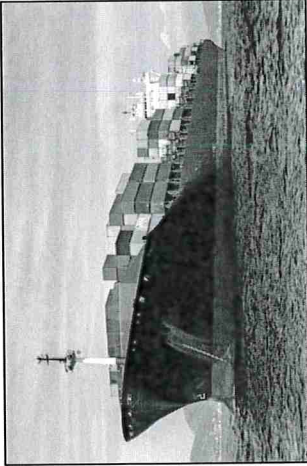
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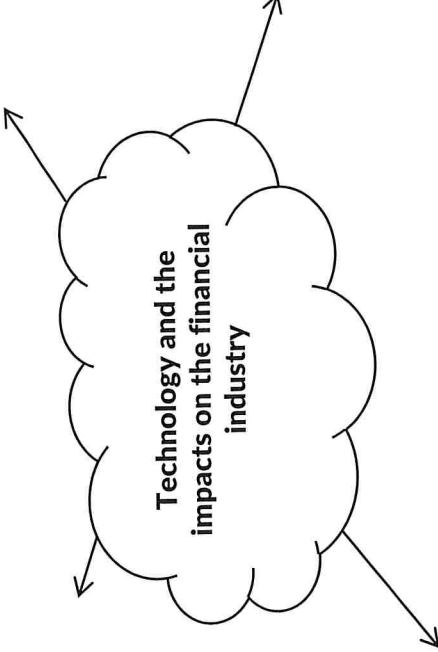
Question		Answer						
4	Fill in the blanks using suitable words and phrases.	Migration is the _____ of people from one place to another. Migrants _____ for a number of reasons, such as to _____, _____ or _____.						
5	What is meant by the term 'economic migrant'?							
		Positives						
		Negatives						
6	What are the positive and negative impacts of economic migrants to the country they have left and the country they are going to?	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; height: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">To the country they are moving to</td> <td style="width: 33%;"></td> <td style="width: 33%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">To the country they are moving from</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	To the country they are moving to			To the country they are moving from		
To the country they are moving to								
To the country they are moving from								

Question		Answer	
7	<p>Tick the box next to the description that best fits the definition of 'product'.</p>	<p>A product is a good that has been made or manufactured. It is usually bought and sold as a part of a business.</p>	
		<p>A product is a type of item that is bought from overseas and sold in the UK.</p>	
		<p>Product is the name given to the amount of money added on top of imported goods.</p>	
8	<p>Complete the sentence.</p>	<p>When a process becomes better organised, it usually costs less to carry out the process on a larger scale. This is called being more _____.</p>	
9	<p>a) What is meant by the term 'containerisation'?</p>		
	<p>b) How can containerisation help to make the global flow of goods better organised?</p>		
10	<p>What is the common name given to amenities that provide something for businesses and consumers, usually for money, which does not necessarily include the receipt of goods?</p>		

Question		Answer	
		High-level	Low-level
11	Give examples of high-level and low-level types of your answer to question 10.		
12	What is meant by the term 'information'?		
		How this has helped to spread the flow of information on a global scale:	
		Internet-based direct communication such as email and online instant messaging	
		Mobile phone connections	
		Broader Internet-based communications such as social media, blogging and vlogging, and websites	
13	Fill in the table to suggest ways in which different types of technological information communications have influenced the global spread of information.		

Question		Answer	
14	<p>Write two short paragraphs explaining the positive and negative impacts that the increasing flow of information is having on the world.</p>	<p>Positives:</p>	
		<p>Negatives:</p>	
15	<p>Fill in the blanks with the words below so the paragraph is correct. (Note: some words may be used more than once and other words not used at all.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • formation • globalisation • marketing • communication • decrease • consumers • increase • population • information • brand • creation 		<p>Advertising is a sub-branch within the field of _____. Advertising ultimately creates a _____ image for a business. This is useful in order to draw in more _____, which helps businesses to _____ revenue. In recent years there has been an _____ in global _____ due to increasing _____ and _____ technology. This is all a part of _____.</p>

Question		Answer
16	Explain how globalisation has led to the increase in global brands and what the implications of this are.	
17	<p>a) What is meant by the term 'economies of scale'?</p> <p>b) How can globalisation help to achieve economies of scale?</p>	
18	What does TNC stand for and what is it?	
19	<p>a) What is 'outsourcing'?</p> <p>b) How does outsourcing relate to global patterns of production?</p>	
20	Fill in the blank with the correct word.	The movement of manufacturing industries to newly emerging economies, such as BRIC and MINT, is also known as the global_____.

Question		Answer
21	<p>Tick the box that best fits the definition of 'consumption'.</p>	<p>When the population rates increase.</p> <p>When goods or services are used.</p> <p>When people move from one country to another.</p>
22	<p>Explain how globalisation has led to an increase in consumption. Link your answer to the following attributes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global marketing • Global branding • Migration • Information flows 	
23	<p>Complete the mind map to show how the advancement of technology has impacted on the global financial industry.</p>	

Question		Answer		
		Category:	Types of transport related to the movement of this category:	How transport technology has helped to improve the global movements of this category:
24	Use the table to explain how the improvement in transport technology has helped to increase the movements of people and goods.	People		
25	What role does technology have in global security with regard to trade?	Goods		
	a) What is meant by a trade agreement?			
26	b) List three examples of trade agreements.			

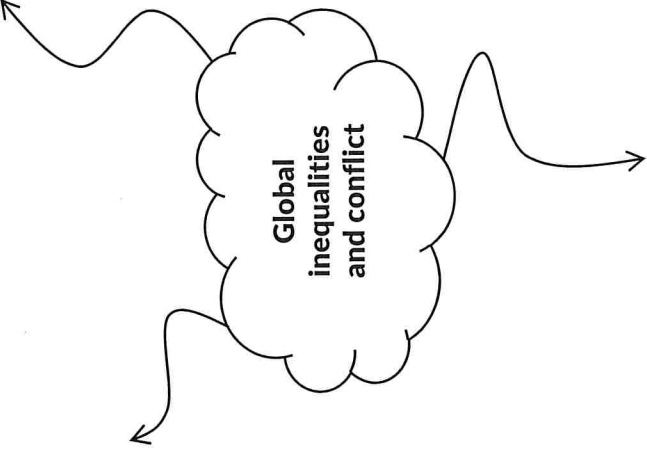
Question	Answer	
	Positives	Negatives
<p>c) What are the positives and negatives of trade agreements?</p>		

Learning Grid 2: Global systems

HOD: pp. 294–300
CAM: pp. 277–282

Question		Answer
1	<p>Tick the box next to the description that best fits the definition of 'interdependence'.</p> <p>a) What is meant by economic interdependence?</p> <p>b) What is the role of the World Bank and the IMF in relation to economic interdependence?</p>	<p>How well two countries are connected, in terms of their level of development.</p> <p>Whether or not a country was part of a historical colony or empire, and has since gained independence.</p> <p>The rate at which two or more countries rely on each other for variable resources.</p>
2	<p>To what extent is there an element of risk involved with economic interdependence? <i>(Hint: think about the effect outsourcing has on the different countries involved)</i></p>	
3		

Question		Answer
4	Circle the correct word from the underlined options.	Overall, there is an <u>equal/unequal</u> flow of people across the globe. People generally move from <u>higher/lower</u> -income countries to <u>higher/lower</u> -income countries and rarely the other way around.
5	How do unequal movements of people affect globalisation?	
6	Use the words listed below to explain the patterns in global movements of money. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • unequal • lower-income countries • higher-income countries • development • trade • aid 	
7	Globalisation can also lead to financial inequalities on a national level. Explain how globalisation may lead to financial inequalities within a country. <i>(Hint: economic development does not happen evenly, it tends to benefit urban areas more than rural areas)</i>	

Question	Answer
<p>8</p> <p>Complete the mind map to show how global inequalities may cause conflict.</p> <p><i>(Hint: refer to the inequalities of the movements of people, money and products and how this causes conflict on a civil and/or international scale)</i></p>	<p>People:</p> <p>Products:</p> <p>Money:</p> 

Question		Answer	
		Global inequalities and injustice	
		Injustice means...	
		Global inequality is caused by...	
		These two are related because...	
		People are affected by this because of...	
		In conclusion...	
9	<p>It can be argued that global inequalities cause injustice for many people around the world. Use the table as a structure to write a short essay on how this may be the case.</p>		
10	<p>Do you think that global inequalities can actually benefit some countries? Explain your answer.</p>		

Learning Grid 3: Global trade and markets

HOD: pp. 300–318
CAM: pp. 282–288

Question		Answer	
1	What is meant by 'trade'?		
2	What is a trade bloc?		
3	Give two examples of trade blocs.	1. 2.	
4	From your two examples, choose one trade bloc and describe how it operates in more detail. Use the table as a structure.	Trade bloc name:	
		Countries involved:	
		What they trade:	
		Rules and regulations:	
5	What are the benefits of being in a trade bloc?		
6	Match the word to the correct definition.	Import	The quantity allowance of certain goods.
		Export	A tax that is added onto imports.
		Tariff	A good that is bought in from another country.
		Quota	A rule put in place to prohibit or reduce the amount of a certain type of good entering a country.
		Restriction	A good that is sold to another country.

Question	Answer			
	China's relationship with:	What does China trade with this country / these countries?	How the trade deals with this country/countries affect China:	How the trade deals with China affect this country/countries:
<p>7</p> <p>China is an emerging economy that has economically benefited from international trade. Use the table to show the trade relationship China has with other countries.</p>	USA			
	EU			
	Lower-income countries			

Question		Answer	
8	What is meant by 'free trade'?		
9	What are the pros and cons of free trade?	Pros of free trade:	Cons of free trade:
10	How does free trade affect lower-income countries? <i>(Hint: think in terms of the costs and benefits of socio-economic development)</i>		

Question		Answer
	<p>a) What is meant by a 'bilateral' agreement and a 'multilateral' agreement?</p>	<p>Bilateral</p> <p>Multilateral</p>
11	<p>b) Assess which of the types of trade agreement from part a) would be most beneficial to lower-income countries. Explain your answer.</p>	
12	<p>Fill in the blanks with the words listed below. <i>Note: you do not have to use all the words.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • development • easier • lower-income • more difficult • lower • benefit • high • increased • take advantage • newly emerging • decreased • higher-income 	<p>TNCs _____ from access to international markets as they _____ of the different levels of economic _____ between countries. As outsourcing mainly occurs in _____ and _____ countries, TNCs can capitalise on the _____ manufacturing costs. TNCs mainly locate their headquarters or marketing departments in _____ countries; this is taking advantage of the _____ levels of information communication technology usually established in these countries. The number of TNCs has _____ due to globalisation making it _____ to operate a business on a global scale.</p>

Question	Answer										
<p>13</p> <p>Fill in the grid using an example of a TNC you have studied. State the name of the TNC, what it does and which countries it operates in. Then state the costs and benefits of the TNC operating on a global scale – think in terms of the economy, society and the environment of the countries involved.</p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>TNC name:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>What the TNC does:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Production/Manufacturing:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Where the TNC operates:</td> <td> <p>Company HQ / Research and development:</p> <p>Countries with the highest consumer levels of the good or service provided by the TNC:</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Costs and benefits of the TNC operating on a global scale:</td> <td> <p>Benefits:</p> <p>Costs:</p> </td> </tr> </table>	TNC name:		What the TNC does:		Production/Manufacturing:		Where the TNC operates:	<p>Company HQ / Research and development:</p> <p>Countries with the highest consumer levels of the good or service provided by the TNC:</p>	Costs and benefits of the TNC operating on a global scale:	<p>Benefits:</p> <p>Costs:</p>
TNC name:											
What the TNC does:											
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Where the TNC operates:	<p>Company HQ / Research and development:</p> <p>Countries with the highest consumer levels of the good or service provided by the TNC:</p>										
Costs and benefits of the TNC operating on a global scale:	<p>Benefits:</p> <p>Costs:</p>										

Question	Answer
<p>Fill in the grid to create a case study fact file of either a food or manufactured product that you have studied.</p>	
	Product:
	Countries where the product is grown/made:
	Countries where the product is sold:
	Brief summary of the growing/manufacturing process:
	Method of transport to other countries:
	Import regulations, quotas and restrictions on this product entering the UK:
	Social, economic and environmental issues with the trade of this product:

Question	Answer
<p>15</p> <p>Write a short essay to examine how global trade systems impact on your life.</p> <p><i>(Hint: think about what you like to eat, where your clothes come from and what technology you use)</i></p>	

Learning Grid 4: Global governance

HOD: pp. 318–322
CAM: pp. 289–304

Question		Answer	
1	What does 'UN' stand for and what does it do?	Name:	What does it do?
		What does the abbreviation stand for?	
2	What are the subprogrammes of the UN and what do they do? <i>Hint: use the link below to help answer:</i> http://www.un.org/en/sections/about-un/funds-programmes-specialized-agencies-and-others/		

Question		Answer		
2	<p>What are the subprogrammes of the UN and what do they do?</p> <p><i>Hint: use the link below to help answer: http://www.un.org/en/sections/about-un/funds-programmes-specialized-agencies-and-others/</i></p>			
3	How does the UN encourage global development?			
4	How does the UN ensure global stability?			
5	What are the criticisms of the UN?			

Question		Answer	
6	Use the grid to help you evaluate whether or not you think the UN is a good system of global governance.	The UN is...	
		The UN has good methods of global governance because...	
		The UN has drawbacks to global governance because...	
		The UN could be improved by...	
		I do / do not think the UN is a good system of global governance because...	
7	What does 'NGO' stand for and what are their main principles?		
8	How are NGOs involved in global governance?		

Question		Answer			
		Scale:	Example:	Name of the governing body relevant to me on this scale:	How this governing body is relevant to me:
9 Use the table to show how different scales of governing bodies are relevant to you.					
10 To what extent are these governing bodies being related important to global systems as a whole?					

Learning Grid 5: Global commons case study: Antarctica

HOD: pp. 322-335
CAM: pp. 304-311

Question		Answer
1	What is meant by the 'global commons'?	
2	Aside from Antarctica, give the three other internationally recognised global commons.	<p>1.</p> <p>2.</p> <p>3.</p>
3	What are the benefits to the international community of having global commons?	
4	What are the risks to the global commons of having interactions with the international community?	
5	<p>Fill in the blanks using the words below. You do not need to use all the words.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • seven • the 1990s • north • expeditions • four • few • south • Atlantic Ocean • Antarctic Circle • Southern Ocean • many • Ancient Greece 	<p>Antarctica is one of _____ internationally recognised global commons. It is located at the _____ of the world, in the _____. Most of Antarctica is located within the _____. It took _____ years for human societies to discover Antarctica despite there being numerous references to a sub-southern continent since _____. There have been many famous _____ to Antarctica, including those of Shackleton and Scott.</p>

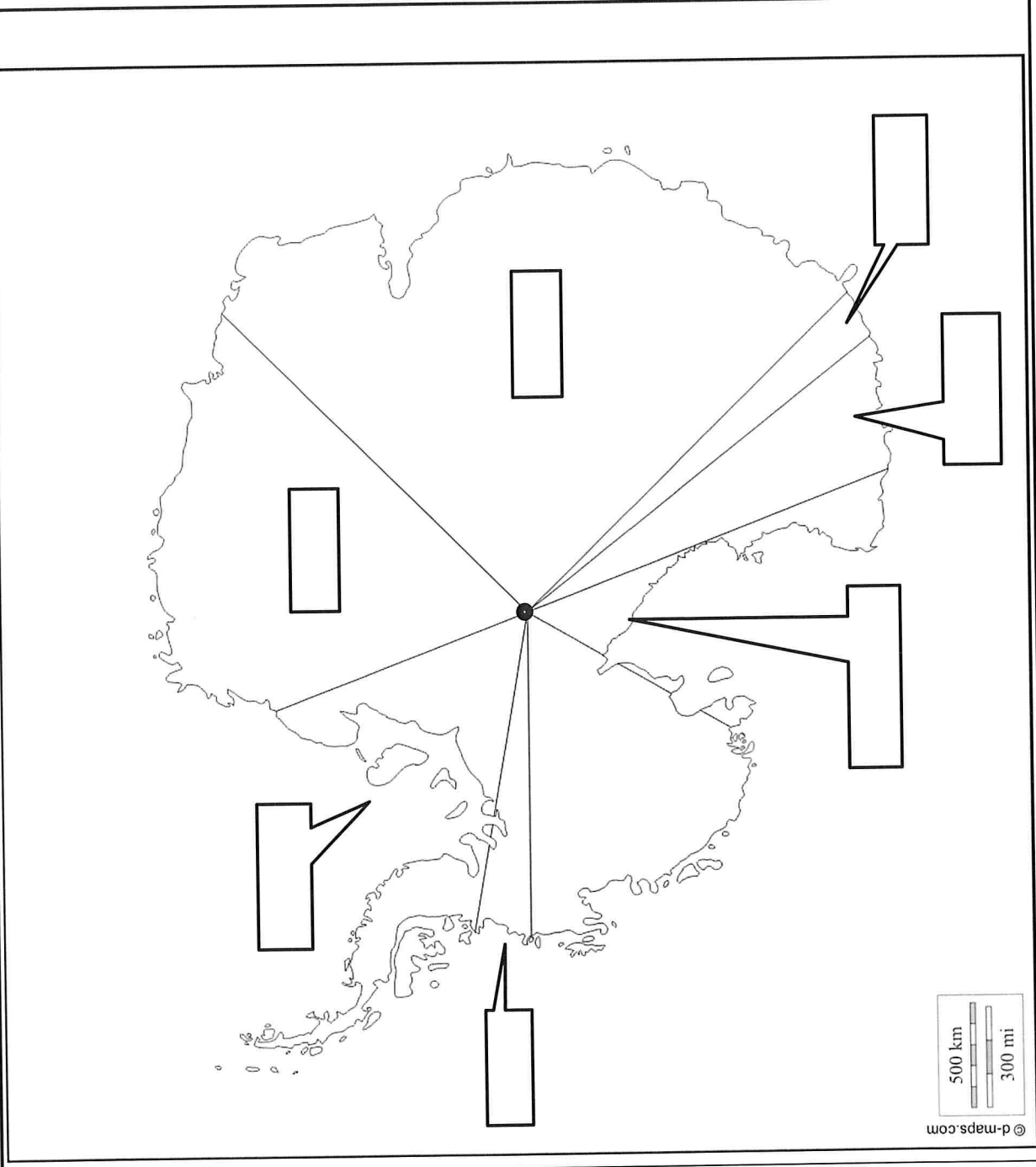
Question

On the map of Antarctica, complete the following tasks:

- Label the South Pole.
- Label each marked territory with the name of the country that claimed it.
- Use a pair of compasses to draw the Antarctic Circle and label it.
- Draw a line to represent the Transantarctic Mountains and label it.

6

Answer



Question		Answer	
		Fact file for:	Antarctica
		Climate:	
		Topography:	
		Flora:	
		Fauna:	
7	Fill in the fact file for Antarctica.		
8	Why is Antarctica considered a global common?		

Question		Answer	
		Aspect:	Why this is a threat to Antarctica:
<p>9</p> <p>Explain why each aspect is a threat to Antarctica.</p>		Climate Change	
		Fishing and whaling	
		Mineral resources	
		Scientific research	
		Tourism	

Question		Answer
10	How is the UN involved with Antarctica?	
11	a) What is the 1959 Antarctic Treaty?	
	b) List three features of the 1959 Antarctic Treaty.	1.
		2.
3.		
	c) To what extent is the 1959 Antarctic Treaty a good method of controlling global governance of the continent? Explain your answer giving reasons.	
12	Briefly outline the purpose of the 1991 Protocol on Environmental Protection to the Antarctic Treaty.	

		Question	Answer
	a)	What is the IWC?	
13	b)	What does the IWC do?	
14		What happened during the 1982 whaling moratorium?	
15		What are the issues with the IWC whaling moratorium?	
16		Write a list of bullet points to explain what the ASOC is, and how it is involved with Antarctica.	

Question	Answer			
	Person:	Role:	What are your concerns and considerations with this role?	How do you feel about the other people in this grid?
<p>Imagine you are each of the following persons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A research scientist • A tourist • An activist for an Antarctic-related NGO • A chairperson for a mining company <p>Use the grid to read how you are involved with Antarctica, and then write what your concerns and considerations may be with your role and how you may be concerned about the other persons listed in the grid.</p> <p><i>(Note: embrace each role writing your answers in first person as if you were actually the character)</i></p>	<p>Research scientist</p>			
<p>17</p>	<p>Tourist</p>			

Question	Answer			
<p>Imagine you are each of the following persons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A research scientist • A tourist • An activist for an Antarctic-related NGO • A chairperson for a mining company 	<p>Activist</p>			
<p>17 Use the grid to read how you are involved with Antarctica, and then write what your concerns and considerations may be with your role and how you may be concerned about the other persons listed in the grid.</p> <p><i>(Note: embrace each role writing your answers in first person as if you were actually the character)</i></p>	<p>Mining chairperson</p>			