**Global Systems and Global Governance Review Notes – Booklets 4 & 5**

**Booklet 4**

**Form and nature of economic, political social and environmental interdependence in the contemporary world**

 **Define key terms:** Outsourcing, bilateral agreements, multilateral agreements, bottom-up & top-down.

Name organisations involved in decision making.

* **Explain and evaluate the role and impacts of the:**
	+ World Bank, IMF, World Trade Organisation
* **What are SAP’s? Give an example of one.**
* **Identify differences between the World Bank and IMF.**
* **How do the World Bank, IMF and WTO promote stability, cooperation and development within global systems? Assess the success of one of these.**

**The luckiest nut in the world:** What is trade liberalisation, explain what happened to Senegal, its export crop groundnuts, and the role of the World Bank? How does the US government protect its peanut cash crop? How are they able to protect it and why is it so important to the American economy?

**Booklet 5**

**Issues associated with unequal flows of people, money, ideas and technology.**

* **Examples of how countries become increasingly interdependent.**
	+ **Economic**
	+ **Socio-economic**
	+ **Global**
	+ **Political**
* **The causes and consequences of inequality linked to globalisation.**
	+ Identify issues associated with interdependence:
		- Positive and negative effect of labour movement for source and host country
		- Outsourcing – describe what it is and consequences for the original country
		- Describe inequality between and within countries and factors that contribute to inequality – quote facts and figures.
		- Quote evidence and data on inequality in Britain
		- Who are the winners and losers of globalisation?
* **Measuring income inequalities – knowledge and understanding of:**
	+ Lorenz curve line graph – what is the Lorenz curve? How does it measure inequality?
	+ Gini Coefficient Index – what is the Gini coefficient? How does it measure inequality?
	+ Describe the changing patterns of inequality over time – quote figures.

**Issues associated with unequal power relations**

* List geopolitical issues linked to unequal power relations.
* How have the IMF, World Bank and World Trade Organisation reinforced unequal power relations between different countries?
* Example Uganda:
	+ Give evidence of inequalities and injustice
	+ Stability, growth and development
	+ How do unequal flows of people, money, ideas and technology on global systems effect Uganda? Evaluate the effects identified.