

Indices and Surds Homework Answers

1.) a) $x^9/x^3 = x^{9-3} = \underline{x^6}$

b) $(\sqrt{x})^6 = (x^{1/2})^6 = x^{1/2 \times 6} = \underline{x^3}$

c) $(3x^5)^2 = 3^2(x^5)^2 = \underline{9x^{10}}$

d) $\sqrt[3]{8/x^6} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{8}}{\sqrt[3]{x^6}} = \frac{2}{(x^6)^{1/3}} = \underline{\frac{2}{x^2}}$

e) $x^{-3}/x^{-5} = x^{-3-(-5)} = \underline{x^2}$

2.) a) $x^4 = 256 \Rightarrow \underline{x=4}$

b) $x^{-3/4} = 8 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x^{3/4}} = 8 \Rightarrow x^{3/4} = \frac{1}{8} \Rightarrow x = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{4/3} = \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{8}}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4 = \underline{\frac{1}{16}}$

c) $2^{2x+1} = \frac{1}{16} \quad 2^{-4} = \frac{1}{16} \Rightarrow 2x+1 = -4$

$\Rightarrow 2x = -5 \Rightarrow x = \underline{-5/2}$

3.) a) $\sqrt{162} = \sqrt{81 \times 2} = \sqrt{81} \sqrt{2} = \underline{9\sqrt{2}}$

b) $(3+\sqrt{5})(2-2\sqrt{5}) = 6 + 2\sqrt{5} - 6\sqrt{5} + (\sqrt{5})(-2\sqrt{5}) = 6 - 4\sqrt{5} - 10 = \underline{-4-4\sqrt{5}}$

c) $\frac{6}{9-\sqrt{7}} = \frac{6}{9-\sqrt{7}} \frac{9+\sqrt{7}}{9+\sqrt{7}} = \frac{54+6\sqrt{7}}{81-7} = \frac{54+6\sqrt{7}}{74} = \underline{\frac{27+3\sqrt{7}}{37}}$

d) $\sqrt{20} + 3\sqrt{180} - 5\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{4 \times 5} + 3\sqrt{36 \times 5} - 5\sqrt{9 \times 5}$
 $= \sqrt{4}\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{36}\sqrt{5} - 5\sqrt{9}\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5} + 18\sqrt{5} - 15\sqrt{5} = \underline{5\sqrt{5}}$

4.) a) $\frac{1}{2} \times 3\sqrt{5} \times 2\sqrt{7} = 3\sqrt{5}\sqrt{7} = 3\sqrt{35}$

↙ either form ok ↗

b) $c = \sqrt{(3\sqrt{5})^2 + (2\sqrt{7})^2}$
 $= \sqrt{45 + 28}$
 $= \underline{\sqrt{73}}$