NEW PRACTICE PAPER SET 2 Published November 2015

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Please write clearly, in block capitals.						
Centre number	Candidate number					
Surname						
Forename(s)						
Candidate signature						

GCSE MATHEMATICS

Higher Tier

Paper 3 Calculator

Exam Date

Morning

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

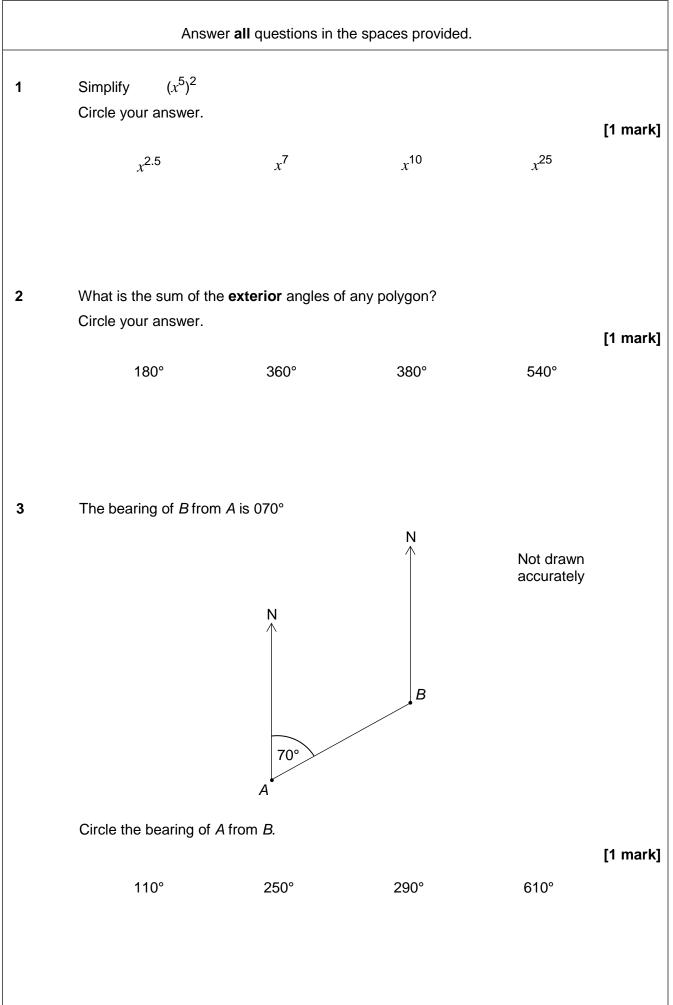
Information

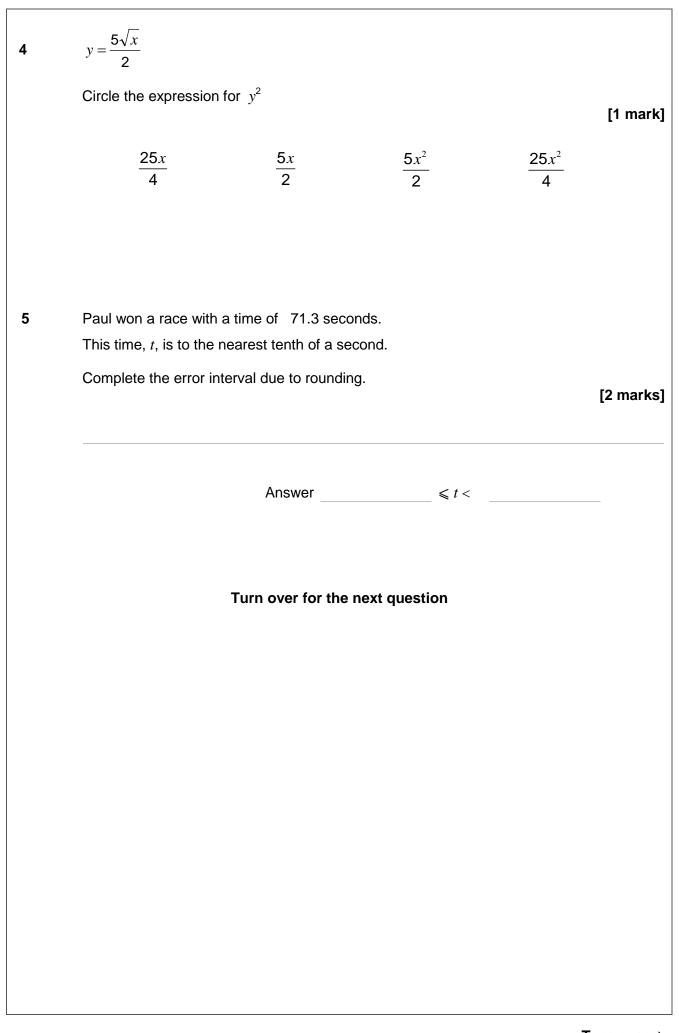
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

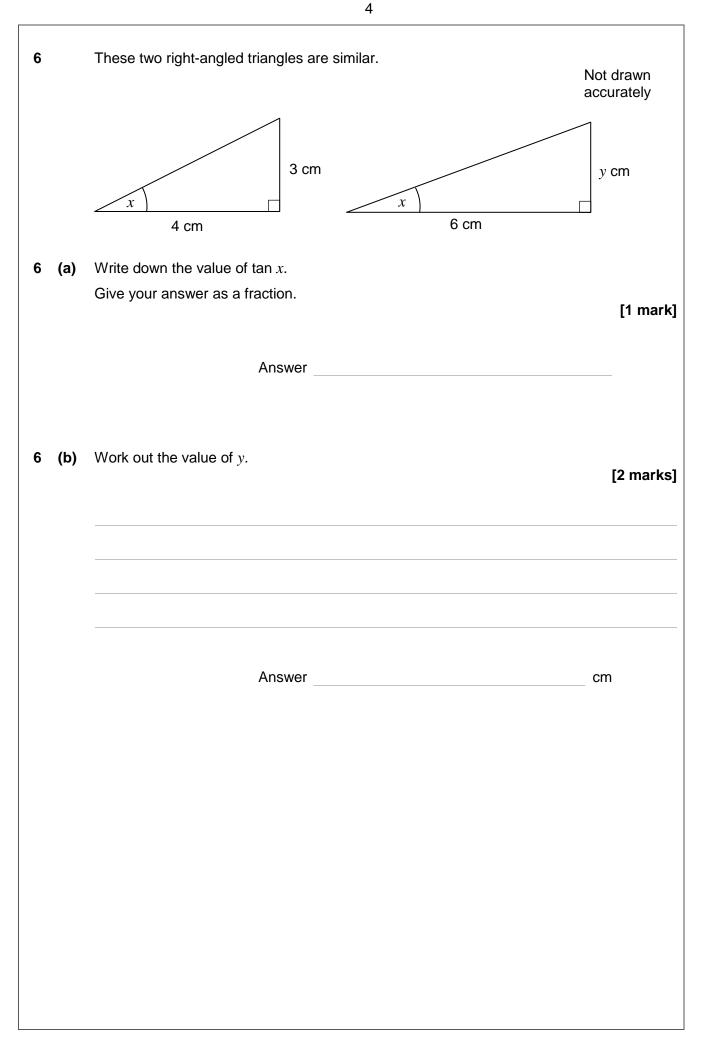
Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



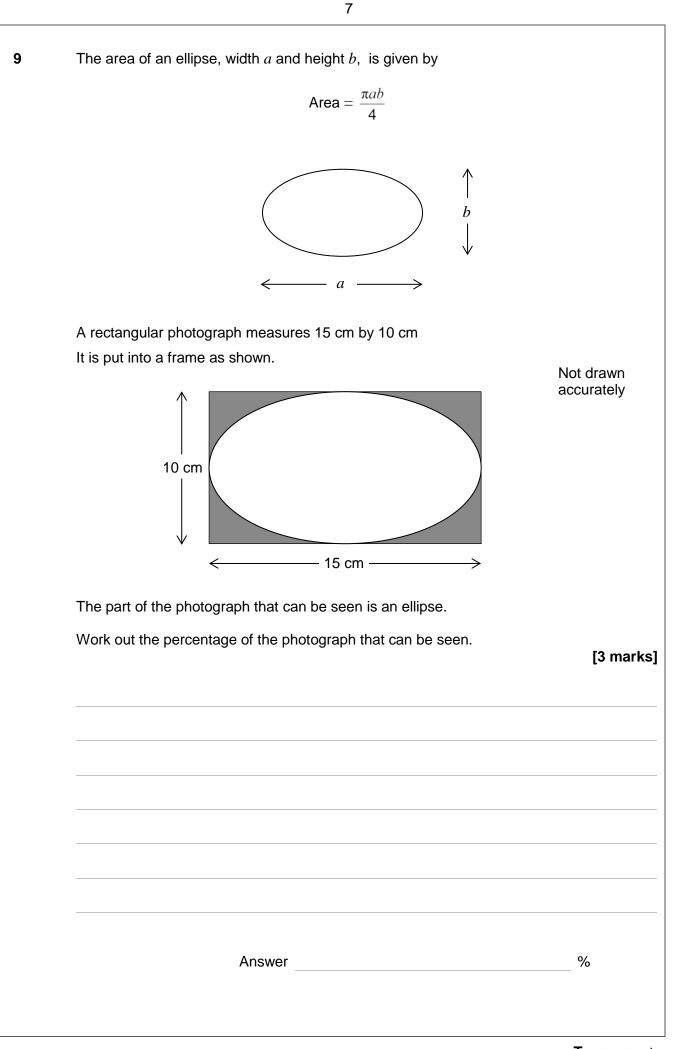






At a numeric the mean are of 4 shildren is 24 menths	
At a nursery, the mean age of 4 children is 31 months. Katy joins the nursery.	
The mean age of all 5 children is now 30 months.	
Work out the age of Katy.	
	[4
Answer	months
Turn over for the payt question	
Turn over for the next question	

8	John chooses a number at random from the digits 1 to 4	
	Matt also chooses a number at random from the digits 1 to 4	
8 (a)	Write down the probability that the sum of the two numbers chosen is a	
	two-digit number.	[1 mark]
	Apower	
	Answer	
o (I)		
8 (b)	Work out the probability that the product of the two numbers chosen is a two-digit number.	
		[3 marks]
	Answer	



10	At a concert	
	3 adult and 4 child tickets cost £23 1 adult and 5 child tickets cost £15	
	Work out the cost of an adult ticket and the cost of a child ticket.	[4 marks]
	Cost of an adult ticket £	
	Cost of a child ticket £	-

11 A doctor claims that the probability of having regular illness is doubled if you have poor sleep rather than good sleep.

In a survey, 16% of people with poor sleep had regular illness.

Here are the results for people with good sleep.

Good Sleep

	Number of people
Regular illness	24
Not regular illness	276

Comment on the doctor's claim.

You **must** show your working.

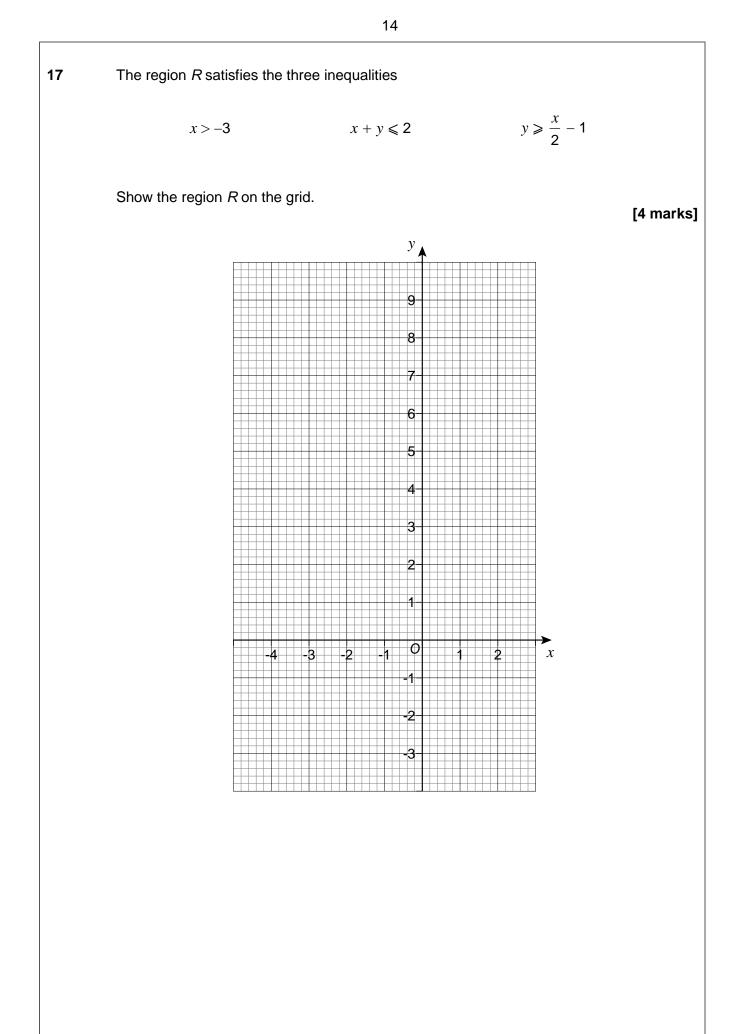
[3 marks]

12	A teacher asks Amy and Jack to convert 101 376 into standard form.	
12 (a)	Amy writes 10.1376 × 10^4	
(0)	Criticise Amy's answer.	
		[1 mark]
12 (b)	Jack writes 1.01376 × 10^{-5}	
(8)	Criticise Jack's answer.	
		[1 mark]
13	At a concert the ratio of men to women is 5:3 The ratio of women to children is 7:4	
	Show that more than half of the people at the concert are men.	
		[3 marks]

	tic formula to solve $5x^2 + 11x - 2$ ons to 2 decimal places.	_ 0
		[3 m
Answer		
	Turn over for the next question	on

 <i>n</i> is an even number greater than 100 O is the set of odd numbers. P is the set of prime numbers. S is the set of square numbers. I5 (a) Explain why there are no numbers in P ∩ S [1 mar	 <i>n</i> is an even number greater than 100 O is the set of odd numbers. P is the set of prime numbers. S is the set of square numbers. 5 (a) Explain why there are no numbers in P ∩ S [1 mark 5 (b) How many numbers are there in O ∪ P? Circle your answer. 				12		
O is the set of odd numbers. P is the set of prime numbers. S is the set of square numbers in $P \cap S$ [1 mar [1 mar	 O is the set of odd numbers. P is the set of prime numbers. S is the set of square numbers. 5 (a) Explain why there are no numbers in P ∩ S [1 mark 5 (b) How many numbers are there in O ∪ P? Circle your answer. [1 mark 	15	The universal set co	ntains the whole nu	mbers 1 to <i>n</i> .		
P is the set of prime numbers. S is the set of square numbers. IS (a) Explain why there are no numbers in $P \cap S$ [1 mar 15 (b) How many numbers are there in $O \cup P$? Circle your answer. [1 mar	P is the set of prime numbers. S is the set of square numbers. 5 (a) Explain why there are no numbers in $P \cap S$ [1 mark 5 (b) How many numbers are there in $O \cup P$? Circle your answer. [1 mark		n is an even number	greater than 100			
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[1 mar	[1 mark						
$\frac{n}{2} - 1 \qquad \frac{n}{2} \qquad \frac{n}{2} + 1 \qquad n$	$\frac{n}{2}-1 \qquad \frac{n}{2} \qquad \frac{n}{2}+1 \qquad n$						[1 marl
$\overline{2}^{-1}$ $\overline{2}$ $\overline{2}^{+1}$ n	$\overline{2}^{-1}$ $\overline{2}$ $\overline{2}^{+1}$ n		n.	n	n.		
			$\frac{-1}{2}$	2	-+1 2	п	

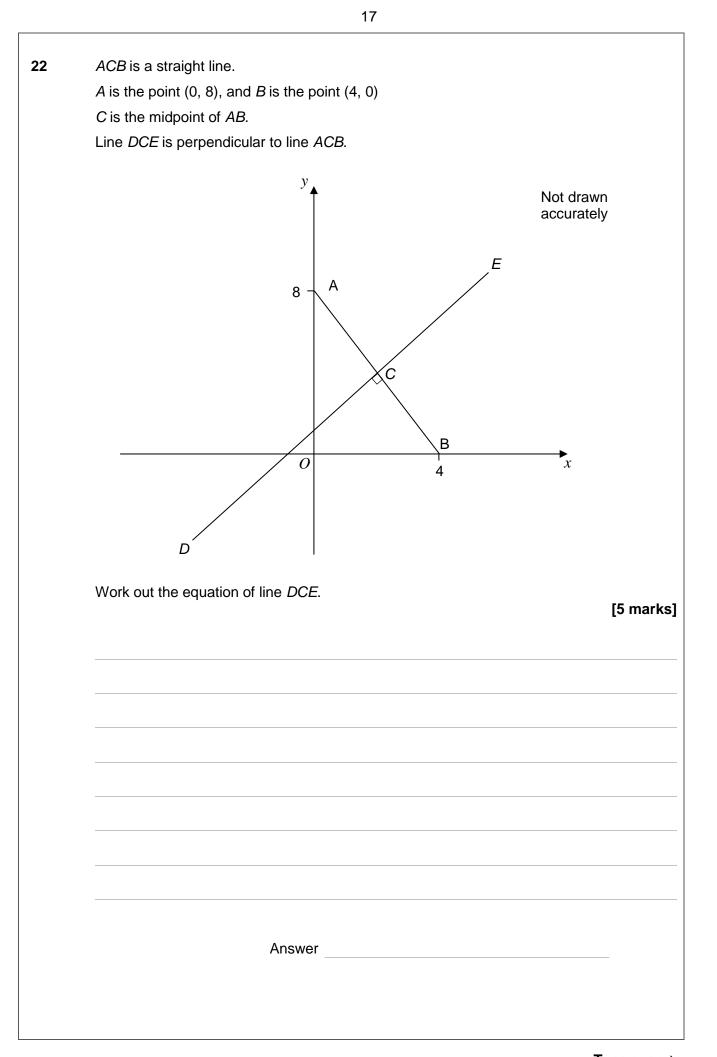
16	A calculator gives a value of π as 3.14159				
	An approximation for π is $\sqrt{\frac{40}{3} - \sqrt{12}}$				
	Show that the value of the approximation is within 0.01% of the calculator value.				
	[4 marks]				
	Turn over for the next question				

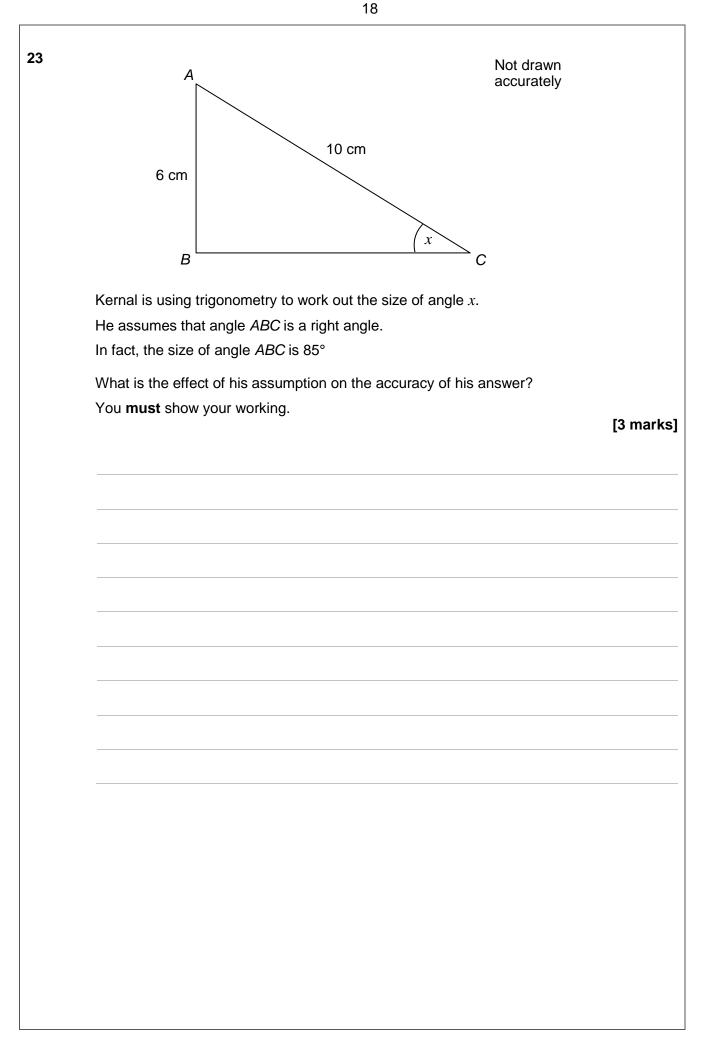


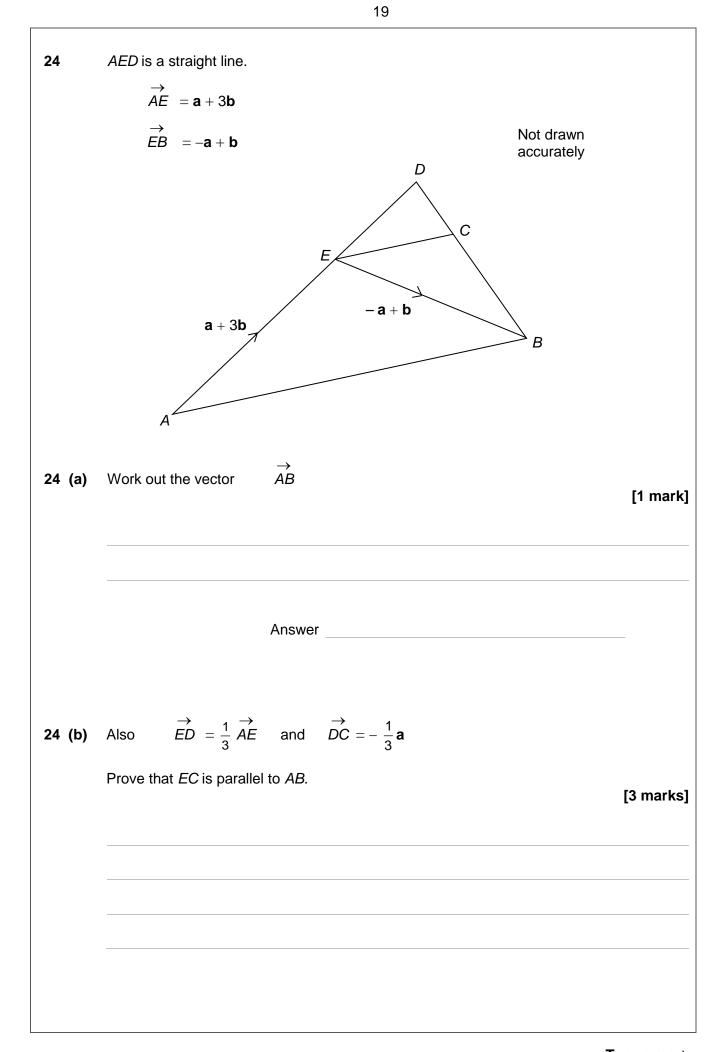
Practice paper - Set 2

18	Rearrange c =		he subject.		[4 marks]
19	Which of these poin				
19	Circle your answer.				[1 mark]
	(-5, 0)	(1, 4)	(3, 4)	(0, 5)	

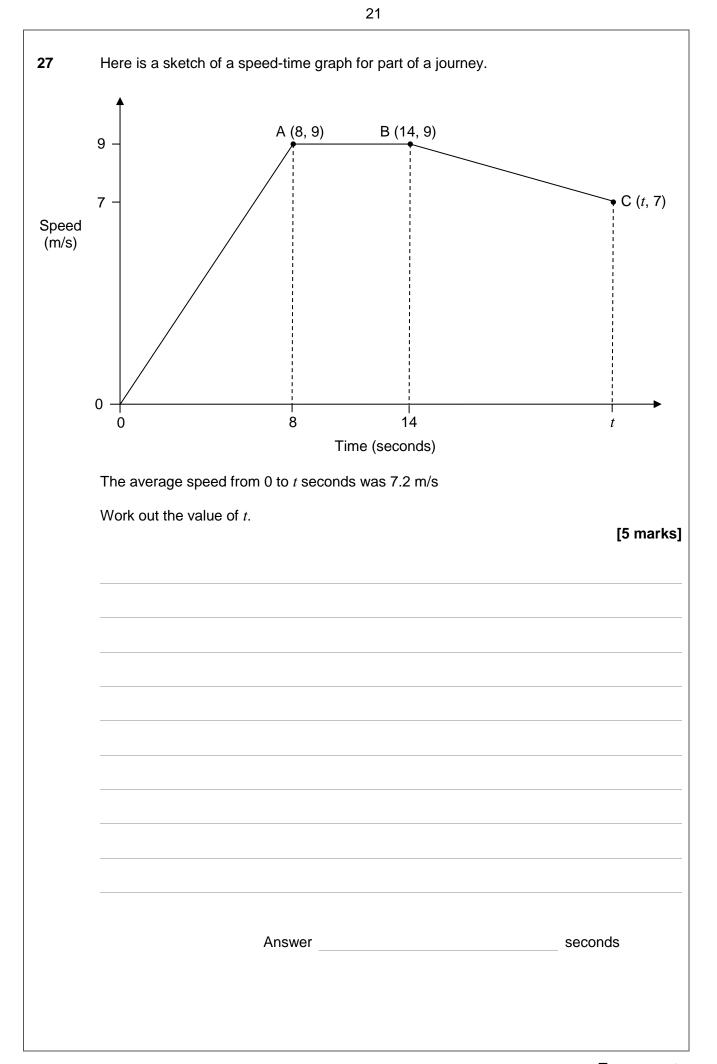
20	The square of x is 7	7			
	Circle the value of x				
					[1 mark]
	343	∛49	117 649	$7\sqrt{7}$	
21	w, x and y are three	integers			
	w is 2 less that				
	y is 2 more that				
		$+ 4 = x^2$			
					[3 marks]







25	The time of each swing of a pendulum, length l cm, is T seconds. T is directly proportional to the square root of l .		
	When $l = 64$ $T = 1.6$		
	Work out the value of T when $l = 132.25$ [5 marks]		
	Answer seconds		
26	The graph with equation $y = x^2$ is translated by vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$		
	Circle the equation of the translated graph. [1 mark]		
	$y = (x - 2)^2$ $y = (x + 2)^2$ $y = x^2 + 4$ $y = x^2 + 2$		



28	For all values of <i>x</i> ,	$f(x) = \frac{4x - 3}{2}$		
	$1 \text{ or all values of } \lambda,$	5		
	Work out $f^{-1}(x)$			
		[3 marks		
		Answer		
		END OF QUESTIONS		
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