

1 a  $(x-4)^2 - 16 + y^2 + 7 = 0$

$\therefore$  centre (4, 0)

b  $(x-4)^2 + y^2 = 9$

$\therefore$  radius = 3

2 a  $(x-3)^2 - 9 + (y+1)^2 - 1 - 15 = 0$

$\therefore$  centre (3, -1)

b  $(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 25$

$\therefore$  radius = 5

c grad of radius =  $\frac{2-(-1)}{7-3} = \frac{3}{4}$

$\therefore$  grad of tangent =  $-\frac{4}{3}$

$\therefore y - 2 = -\frac{4}{3}(x - 7)$

$3y - 6 = -4x + 28$

$4x + 3y - 34 = 0$

3 a  $(x+3)^2 - 9 + (y-4)^2 - 16 + 21 = 0$

$(x+3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 4$

$\therefore$  centre (-3, 4) radius 2

b dist. of centre from  $O = \sqrt{9+16} = 5$

$\therefore$  max. dist. of  $P$  from  $O$

$= 5 + 2 = 7$

4 a centre (0, 0)  $\therefore$  grad of radius = 1

$\therefore$  grad of tangent = -1

$\therefore y - 5 = -(x - 5)$  [ $y = 10 - x$ ]

b grad of radius = -7

$\therefore$  grad of tangent =  $\frac{1}{7}$

$\therefore y + 7 = \frac{1}{7}(x - 1)$

$7y + 49 = x - 1$

$x - 7y - 50 = 0$

c sub.  $x - 7(10 - x) - 50 = 0$

$x = 15$

$\therefore (15, -5)$

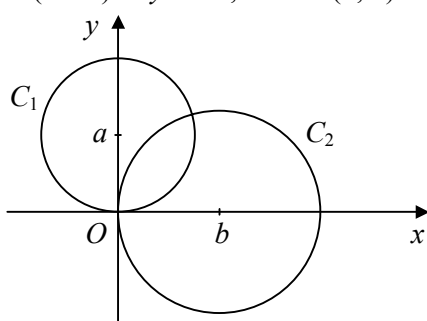
5 a  $x^2 + (y-a)^2 - a^2 = 0$

$x^2 + (y-a)^2 = a^2$

$\therefore$  centre (0,  $a$ ) radius  $a$

b  $C_2: (x-b)^2 - b^2 + y^2 = 0$

$(x-b)^2 + y^2 = b^2$ , centre ( $b$ , 0) radius  $b$



6 a  $(x+1)^2 - 1 + (y-7)^2 - 49 + 30 = 0$

$\therefore$  centre (-1, 7)

b  $(x+1)^2 + (y-7)^2 = 20$

$\therefore$  radius =  $\sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}$

c sub.  $y = 2x - 1$  into eqn. of circle

$x^2 + (2x-1)^2 + 2x - 14(2x-1) + 30 = 0$

$x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$

$(x-3)^2 = 0$

repeated root  $\therefore$  tangent

point of contact (3, 5)

7 a  $(x-3)^2 - 9 + (y-6)^2 - 36 + 28 = 0$

$\therefore$  centre (3, 6)

b sub.

$x^2 + (x-2)^2 - 6x - 12(x-2) + 28 = 0$

$x^2 - 11x + 28 = 0$

$(x-4)(x-7) = 0$

$x = 4, 7$

$\therefore A(4, 2), B(7, 5)$

$\therefore AB = \sqrt{9+9} = \sqrt{18} = 3\sqrt{2}$

8 a radius =  $\sqrt{16+4} = \sqrt{20}$

$\therefore (x-8)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 20$

b sub.  $x = -2y - 4$  into eqn. of circle:

$(-2y-12)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 20$

$4y^2 + 48y + 144 + y^2 + 2y + 1 = 20$

$y^2 + 10y + 25 = 0$

$(y+5)^2 = 0$

repeated root  $\therefore$  tangent

9 a  $\text{grad } PQ = \frac{14-2}{8+10} = \frac{2}{3}$   
 $\text{grad } PR = \frac{-10-2}{-2+10} = -\frac{3}{2}$   
 $\text{grad } PR \times \text{grad } PQ = -\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} = -1$   
 $\therefore PR$  is perpendicular to  $PQ$

b  $\angle QPR = 90^\circ \therefore QR$  is a diameter of the circle  
 $\therefore$  centre of circle is mid-point of  $QR$   
 $= (\frac{8-2}{2}, \frac{14+10}{2}) = (3, 2)$   
radius =  $\sqrt{25+144} = 13$   
 $\therefore (x-3)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 169$   
 $x^2 - 6x + 9 + y^2 - 4y + 4 - 169 = 0$   
 $x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 4y - 156 = 0$

11 a grad of  $x - 2y + 3 = 0$  is  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 $\therefore$  grad of perp bisector =  $-2$   
passes through centre of circle  
 $\therefore y - 7 = -2(x - 6)$   
 $y = -2x + 19$   
mid-point of chord where intersect  
 $x - 2(-2x + 19) + 3 = 0$   
 $x = 7 \therefore (7, 5)$   
b  $3 - 2y + 3 = 0$   
 $\therefore y = 3 \therefore A(3, 3)$   
let  $B$  be  $(p, q)$   
 $\therefore (\frac{3+p}{2}, \frac{3+q}{2}) = (7, 5)$   
 $p = 11, q = 7 \therefore B(11, 7)$   
c radius =  $\sqrt{9+16} = 5$   
 $\therefore (x-6)^2 + (y-7)^2 = 25$

13 a  $C: (x-2)^2 - 4 + y^2 - 6 = 0$   
 $\therefore$  centre  $(2, 0)$   
 $l$ : when  $x = 2, y = 3(2) - 6 = 0$   
 $\therefore l$  passes through centre of  $C$   
b eqn. of tangent:  $y = 3x + k$   
sub. into eqn. of circle:  
 $x^2 + (3x+k)^2 - 4x - 6 = 0$   
 $10x^2 + (6k-4)x + k^2 - 6 = 0$   
tangent  $\therefore$  repeated root  $\therefore b^2 - 4ac = 0$   
 $(6k-4)^2 - 40(k^2-6) = 0$   
 $k^2 + 12k - 64 = 0$   
 $(k+16)(k-4) = 0$   
 $k = -16, 4$   
 $\therefore y = 3x - 16$  and  $y = 3x + 4$

10 a  $(x-1)^2 - 1 + (y-\frac{7}{2})^2 - \frac{49}{4} - 16 = 0$   
 $\therefore$  centre  $(1, \frac{7}{2})$

b  $(x-1)^2 + (y-\frac{7}{2})^2 = \frac{117}{4}$   
 $\therefore$  radius =  $\sqrt{\frac{117}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{9 \times 13}{4}} = \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{13}$  [ $k = \frac{3}{2}$ ]

c grad of radius =  $\frac{8-\frac{7}{2}}{4-1} = \frac{3}{2}$   
 $\therefore$  grad of tangent =  $-\frac{2}{3}$   
 $\therefore y - 8 = -\frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$   
 $3y - 24 = -2x + 8$   
 $2x + 3y - 32 = 0$

12 a  $(x-4)^2 - 16 + (y-8)^2 - 64 + 72 = 0$   
 $(x-4)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 8$   
 $\therefore$  centre  $(4, 8)$  radius  $2\sqrt{2}$   
b =  $\sqrt{16+64} = \sqrt{80} = 4\sqrt{5}$   
c tangent perp. to radius  
 $\therefore OA^2 = (\sqrt{80})^2 - (2\sqrt{2})^2 = 72$   
 $OA = \sqrt{72} = \sqrt{36 \times 2} = 6\sqrt{2}$