## **Edexcel**

A level MUSIC

Section A (Questions 1 - 4)

**Fusions: Anoushka Shankar** 

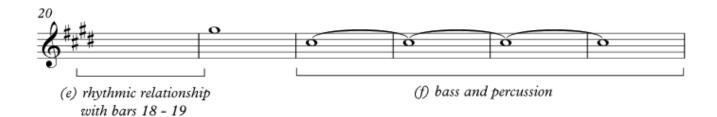
## Q1 Shankar: `Burn` (excerpt 1)











Listen to Shankar track 1 and refer to Excerpt 1 (above).

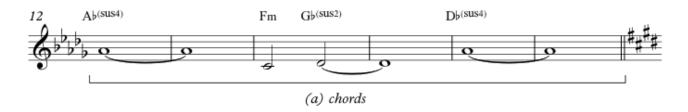
C# melodic minor	whole tone	C# harmonic minor	octatonic
(b) Name the melodic	interval used in ba	ar 6, between notes 1 and	d 2.
(c) Describe the follow notes used in the c	=	bar 8, <b>G#<sup>(add4)</sup> / F#</b> and	identify the
		d at the beginning of bar	
(e) Give <b>one</b> word to coprevious two bars (		nic relationship between	bar 20 and the

	Describe <b>two</b> features of the bass part which begins in bar 22.	
1		
2		
	Describe <b>three</b> features of the use of cymbals and snare drum, starting at par 22.	
	ne opening section of `Burn` serves very much the same function as the opening Indian music."	
ala		
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	
ala	p in traditional Indian music."	

## Q2 Shankar: `Breathing Under Water (excerpt 2)















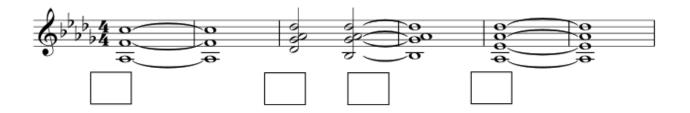
Listen to Shankar track 2 and refer to Excerpt 2 (above).

(a) The four chords on the stave below are to be played in bars 12 to 17, using the chord symbols shown in the skeleton score above. But . . the chords below have been printed in the **wrong** order!! (How careless is that !!)

Could you please help out by writing the numbers 1, 2, 3 or 4 in the empty boxes below the four chords, to show the **correct** order in which they should be used (as shown in bars 12 to 17). Thank you.



(3)



(b) Describe the **changes** of instrumentation which occur at each of the three locations marked **X**, **Y** and **Z** on the score.

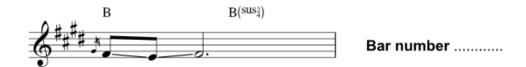
**X** .....

Υ .....

Z .....

(c) In bars 18 to 35, identify the locations of the following two bars of sitar melody by writing the correct bar number next to each phrase. (2)





ive the musical term which best describes the type of key change used in ars 37 - 38.	
ompare and contrast the three passages of music which begin at letters A1, 2 and A3 on the score.	

## Q3 Shankar: `Easy` (excerpt 3)



Listen to Shankar track 3 and refer to Excerpt 3 (above).

_1		e use of harmony in bars 1 - 19 of the excerpt. Explain how the
C	nora prog	ression in bars 7 - 11 is <b>different</b> to the rest of the passage.
tr	ne pitches	s of the relevant notes.
	bar 22	
	bar 23	

first phrase	e (A).			
(f) Describe th	ne features of this e	excerpt which are c	haracteristic of its <b>fus</b>	ion style.
`,				