**Childhood 10 mark questions**

1. Outline and explain two changes in society which may be reducing the distinction between “childhood” and “adulthood”. (10marks)

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| Point 1: | Point 2: |
| Evidence: |  |

*Item A: A popular view is that childhood is a fixed, universal, biological stage of physical and physiological immaturity that is common to all human beings. Everyone will pass through it on the way to biological maturity and adulthood. However, evidence shows that what counts as childhood, what experiences children undergo and what roles they play, are far from universal.*

2)Applying material from Item A, analyse two argument against the view that childhood is a fixed, universal stage [10]

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| Point 1: | Point 2: |
| Evidence: |  |

1. Outline and explain two ways that childhood has changed in the past 100 years (10 marks)

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| Point 1: | Point 2: |
| Evidence: |  |

1. Outline and explain two changes in society which demonstrate that society has become increasingly child centred (10marks)

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| Point 1: | Point 2: |
| Evidence: |  |

**Other possibilities:** Outline and explain two ways childhood has been affected by changes in gender roles. [10]

Outline and explain two ways it could be argued that the distinction between childhood and adulthood is blurring [10]