**Starters for 10 – Transition skills**

**0.1.1 Balancing equations**

Balance the equations below.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **1.** …..C + …..O2 |  | …..CO |
| **2.** …..Ba + …..H2O |  | …..Ba(OH)2 + …..H2 |
| **3.** …..C2H6 + …..O2 |  | …..CO2 + …..H2O |
| **4.** …..HCl + …..Mg(OH)2 |  | …..MgCl2 + H2O |
| **5.** …..N2 + …..O2 |  | …..NO |
| **6.** …..Fe2O3 + …..C |  | …..Fe + …..CO2 |
| **7.** …..CH3CH2OH + …..[O] |  | …..CH3COOH + …..H2O |
| **8.** …..HNO3 + …..CuO |  | …..Cu(NO3)2 + H2O |
| **9.** …..Al3+ + …..e– |  | …..Al |
| **10.** …..[Fe(H2O)6]3+ + …..CO32– |  | …..Fe(OH)3(H2O)3 + …..CO2 + …..H2O |

(10 marks)

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**0.1.2 Constructing ionic formulae**

**1.** For each of the following ionic salts, determine the cation and anion present and use these to construct the formula of the salt. (5 marks)

1. Magnesium oxide
2. Sodium sulfate
3. Calcium hydroxide
4. Aluminium oxide
5. Copper(I) oxide

**2.** When an acid is added to water it dissociates to form H+ ions (which make it acidic) and an anion. These acidic hydrogen atoms can be used to determine the charge on the anion.

Deduce the charge on the anions in the following acids. The acidic H atoms, H+, have been underlined for you. (5 marks)

1. H2SO3
2. HNO3
3. H3PO4
4. HCOOH
5. H2CO3

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**0.1.3 Writing equations from text**

The following questions contain a written description of a reaction. In some cases the products may be missing as you will be expected to predict the product using your prior knowledge.

For more advanced equations you may be given some of the formulae you need.

For each one, write a balanced symbol equation for the process. (10 marks)

**1.** The reaction between silicon and nitrogen to form silicon nitride Si3N4.

**2.** The neutralisation of sulfuric acid with sodium hydroxide.

**3.** The preparation of boron trichloride from its elements.

**4.** The reaction of nitrogen and oxygen to form nitrogen monoxide.

**5.** The combustion of ethanol (C2H5OH) to form carbon dioxide and water only.

**6.** The formation of silicon tetrachloride (SiCl4) from SiO2 using chlorine gas and carbon.

**7.** The extraction of iron from iron(III) oxide (Fe2O3) using carbon monoxide.

**8.** The complete combustion of methane.

**9.** The formation of one molecule of ClF3 from chlorine and fluorine molecules.

**10.** The reaction of nitrogen dioxide with water and oxygen to form nitric acid.