

Pure 11 – Vectors 1

Please **complete** this homework by _____. Start it early. If you can't do a question you will then have time to ask your teacher for help or go to a drop in session.

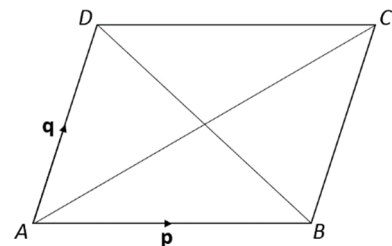
Section 1 – Review of previous topics. Please complete all questions.

- In the expansion of $(1 + \frac{x}{2})^n$ in ascending powers of x the coefficient of x^2 is 30.
 - Find n
 - Find the first four terms of the expansion
- Given that $f(x) \equiv x^3 - 10x + 12$
 - Show that $f(2) = 0$
 - Solve $f(x) = 0$
- The points $(2, -3)$ and $(8, 7)$ are the ends of a diameter of a circle. Find the coordinates of the centre of the circle and the length of the diameter. What is the equation of the circle?

Section 2 – Consolidation of this week's topic. Please complete all questions.

- The diagram shows parallelogram $ABCD$, where $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{AD} = \mathbf{q}$. Express these vectors in terms of \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} .

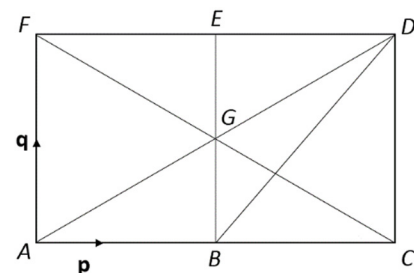
- (a) \overrightarrow{BC} (b) \overrightarrow{DC} (c) \overrightarrow{BA} (d) \overrightarrow{CB} (e) \overrightarrow{AC} (f) \overrightarrow{BD} (g) \overrightarrow{DB}



(8 marks)

- The diagram shows two squares $ABEF$ and $BCDE$, where $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{AF} = \mathbf{q}$. Express these vectors in terms of \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} .

- (a) \overrightarrow{BD} (b) \overrightarrow{AD} (c) \overrightarrow{CF} (d) \overrightarrow{AG}



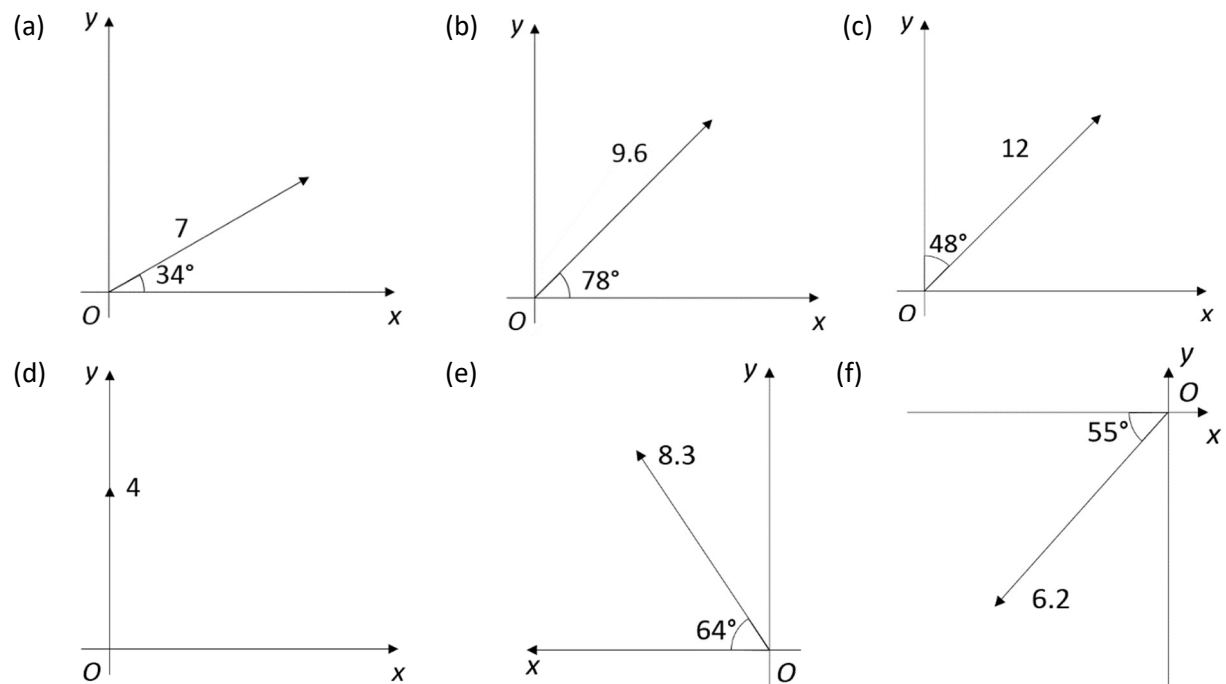
(9 marks)

- Evaluate the magnitude, r , and the direction, θ , of these vectors, where θ is the anti-clockwise rotation from the positive x -direction and $-180^\circ < \theta \leq 180^\circ$

- (a) $5\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}$ (b) $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$ (c) $-5\mathbf{j}$
 (d) $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ (e) $3\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}$ (f) $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$

(12 marks)

4. Write these vectors in the form $x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$



(18 marks)

5. Given vectors $\mathbf{p} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$, $\mathbf{q} = -2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}$, and $\mathbf{r} = 4\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$, calculate each of these vectors

- (a) $\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$ (b) $\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{r}$ (c) $2\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{p}$
 (d) $2\mathbf{p} + 3\mathbf{r}$ (e) $|\mathbf{p}|$ (f) $|\mathbf{q} + \mathbf{r}|$

(13 marks)

6. Given vectors $\mathbf{p} = 3\mathbf{i} + u\mathbf{j}$, $\mathbf{q} = v\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}$, and $\mathbf{r} = 4\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j}$, work out

- (a) The values of u and v if $\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q} = \mathbf{r}$
 (b) The value of u if \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{r} are parallel

(4 marks)

7. Given $\mathbf{p} = -3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$, write down

- (a) A vector parallel to \mathbf{p} with magnitude 20
 (b) The unit vector $\hat{\mathbf{p}}$ in the direction of \mathbf{p}

(4 marks)

(Total 68 Marks)

Section 3 – Extension questions. If you are aiming for a top grade, you should attempt these questions.

1. An aircraft has a speed in still air of 300 kmh^{-1} . A wind is blowing from the south at 80 kmh^{-1} . The pilot must fly to a point south-east of his present position.
 - a. On what bearing should the pilot steer the aircraft?
 - b. What is the resultant speed of the aircraft?

2. A ship which can travel at 12 kmh^{-1} in still water, is steered due north. A current of 9 kmh^{-1} from west to east pushes the ship off course.
 - a. Find the ship's resultant velocity
 - b. The ship is turned around with the intention of returning to its starting point. On what bearing should it be steered?